



PARLIAMENT BUILDING

El Parlamento de Canadá

Ottawa, Canada

The world's great architecture

Ages 6+



Creative Ability



Family Interaction



Observation Ability



Thinking Ability



Practical Ability



4221
608 PCS

Perseverance

积木匠心·颗粒匠者



The Temple of Heaven



The Eiffel Tower



The Brandenburg Gate



The Leaning Tower Of Pisa



The Taj Mahal



The Big Ben



The White House



The Burj Al-Arab Hotel



The Golden Gate Bridge



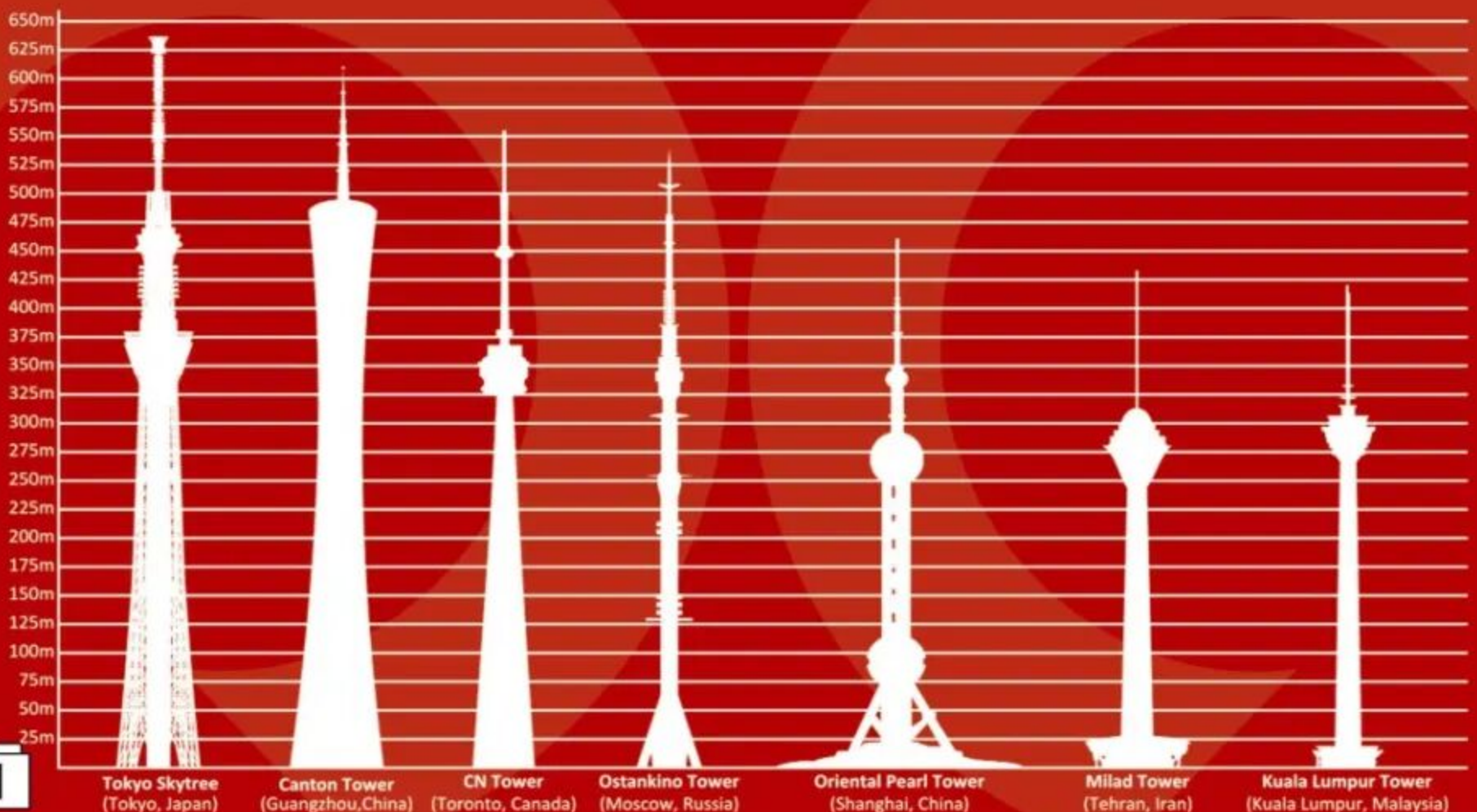
The CN Tower



The Spasskaya Tower



The Triumphal Arch





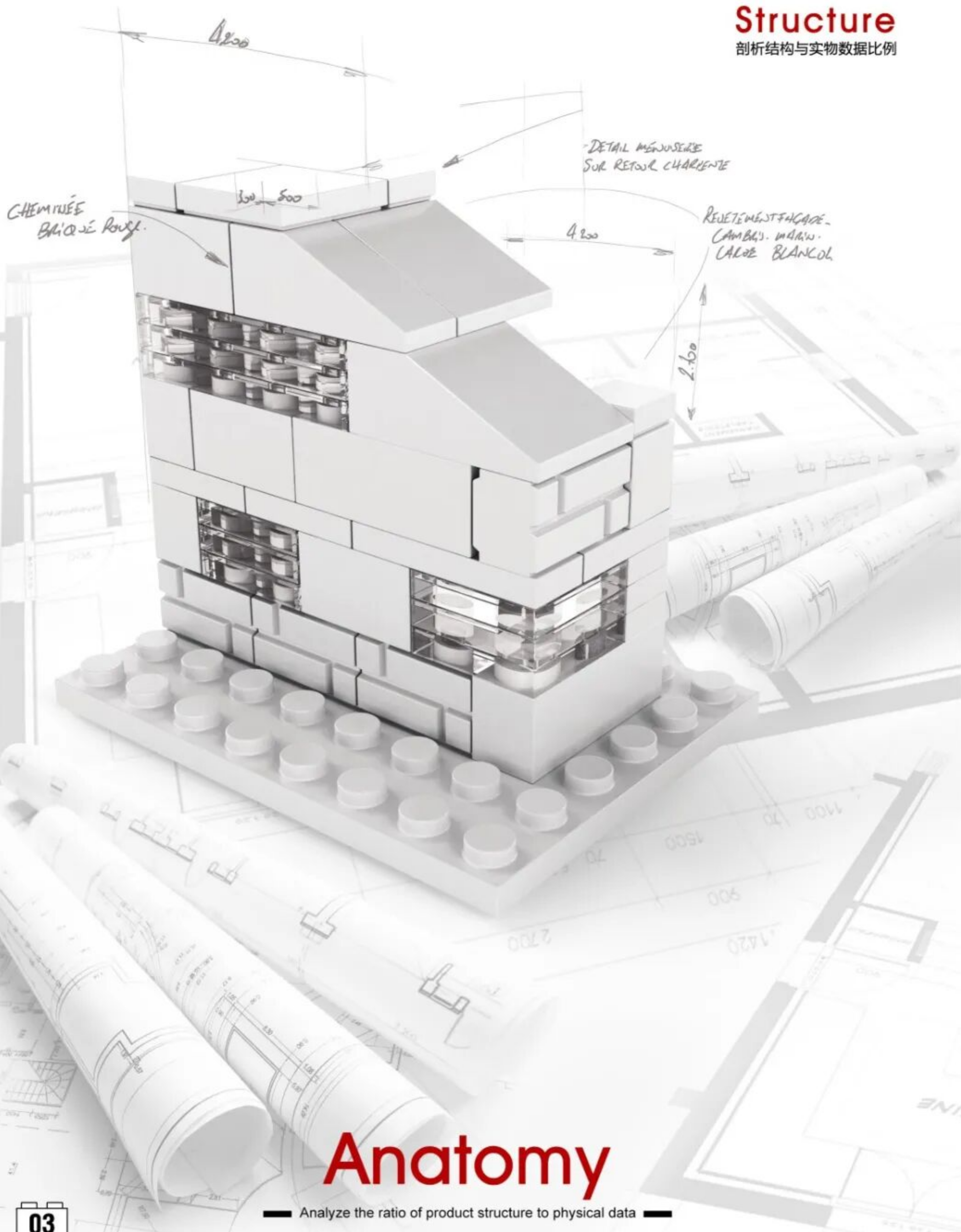
Architecture

It will be a city...

这将构成一座城市...

Structure

剖析结构与实物数据比例



Anatomy

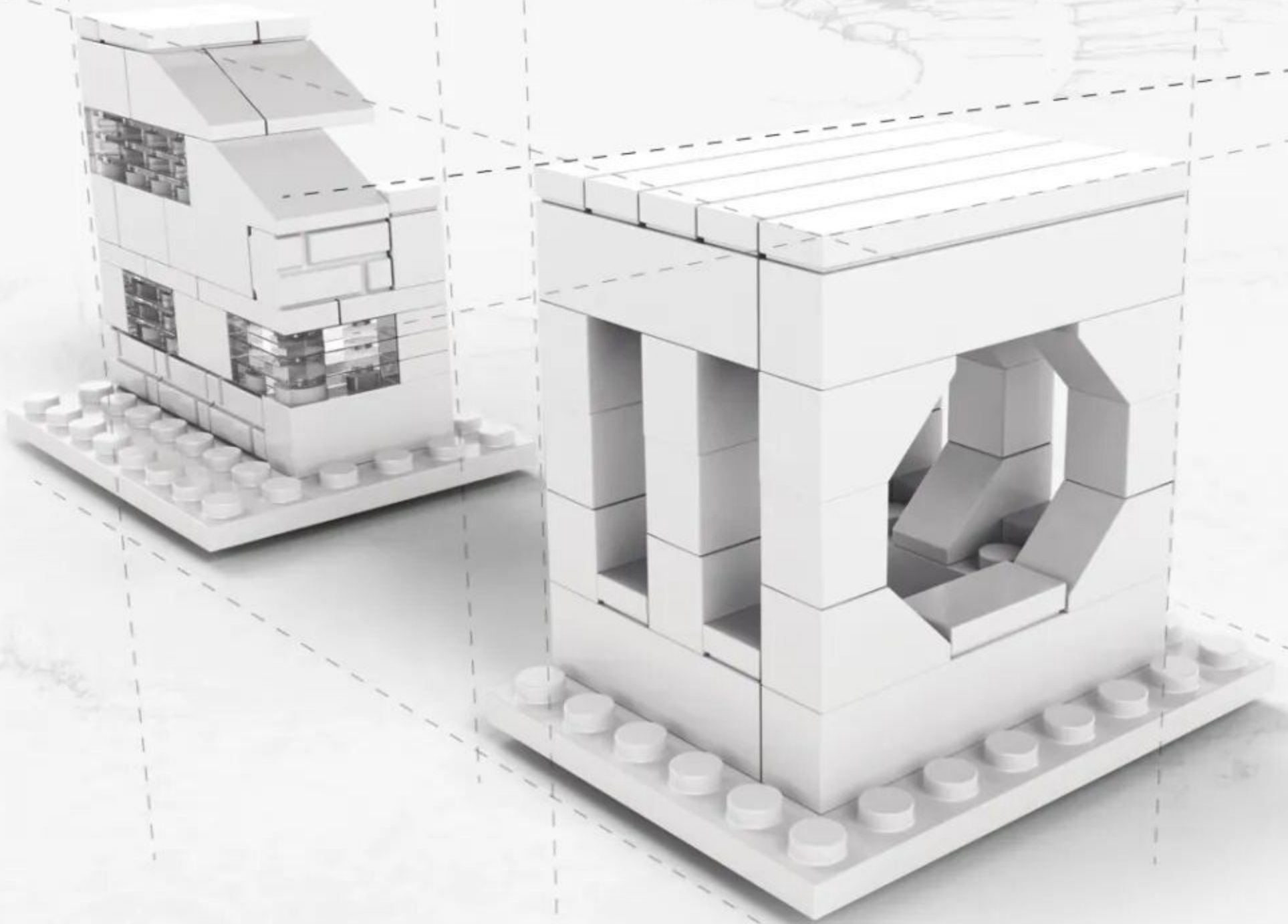
— Analyze the ratio of product structure to physical data —



Building Block

The world's great architecture

3D construction



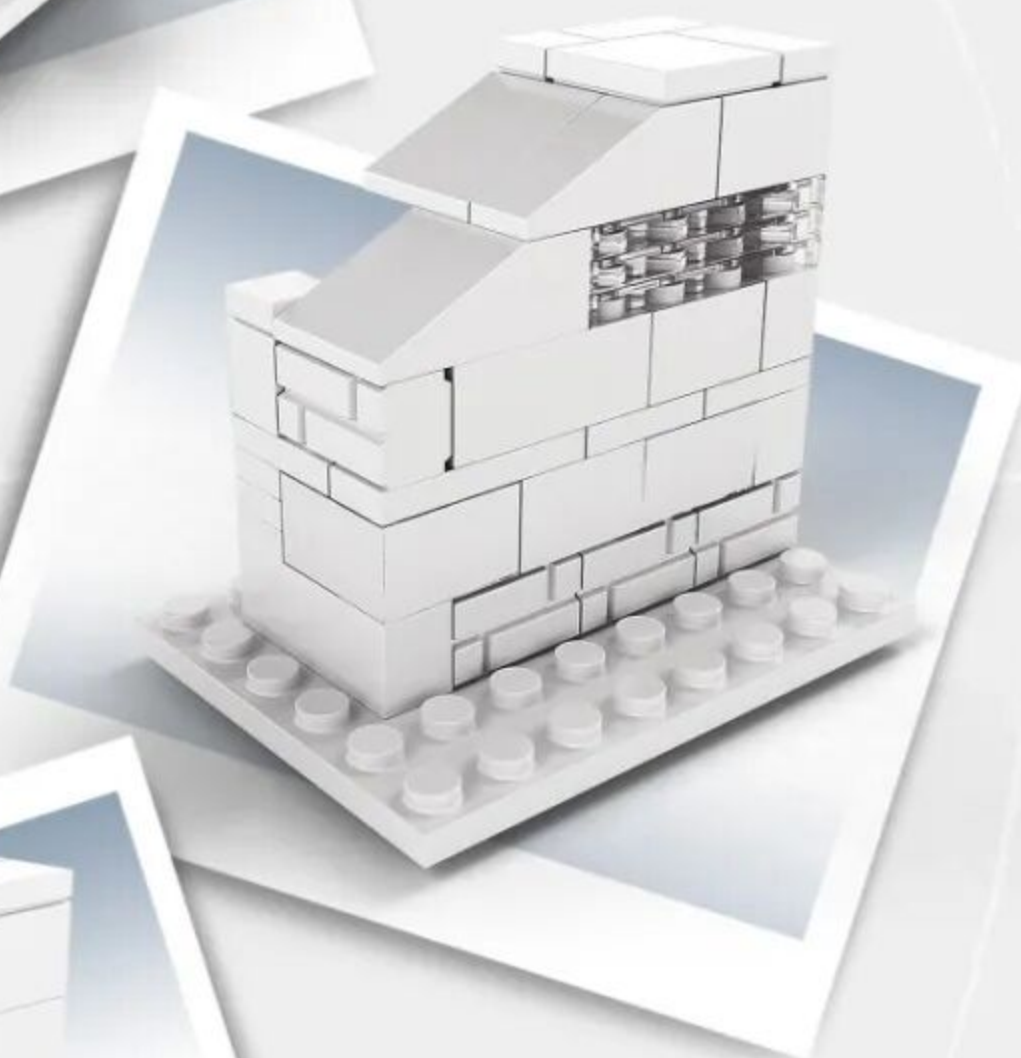
proportion

对产品精确分析运用3维技术最大限度还原实物比例

Accurate analysis of the product, using 3D technology
to maximize the reduction of physical objects.

Creativity

外观设计结合黄金比例更好展现美感

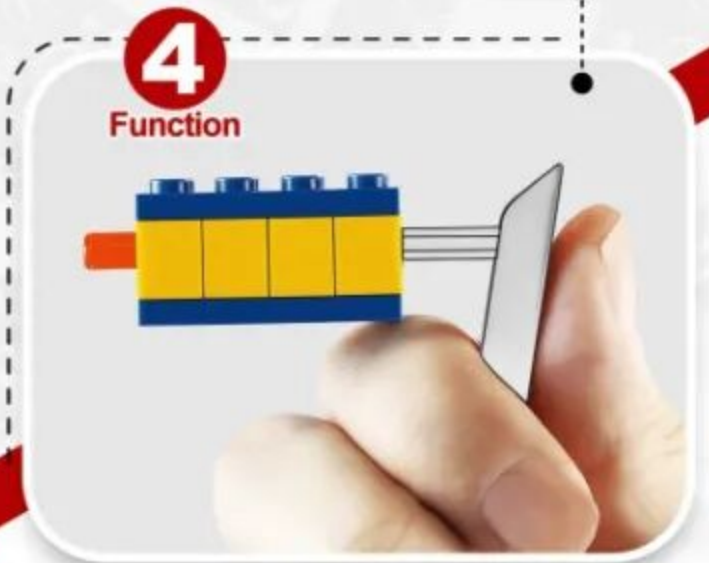
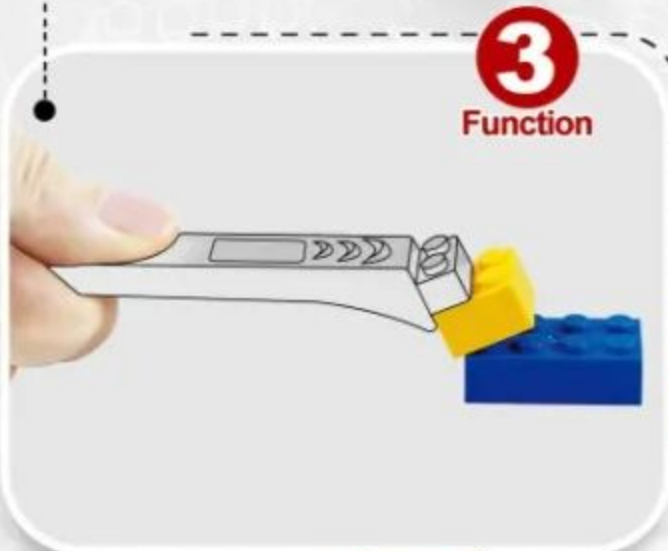
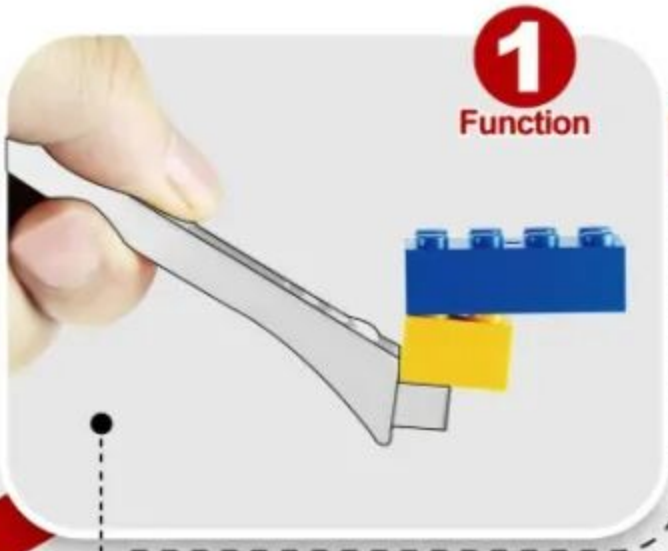


Architecture

Use the golden ratio in the design and development of the product to better show the beauty of the product.

Instructions For Use

积木起件器使用说明
Brickseparator



4 ways to make installation easier
让安装更简单



1

- First open the product packaging according to the instructions.

按指导用正确方式拆解产品外包装。



2

- Summarize all parts to count the number of familiar accessories.

对照说明书清单确认积木包数量与积木数量。



3

- Arranging all accessories by color helps to quickly install the product.

把确认好的积木以类型、颜色进行分类排好以便安装。



4

- Carefully install the product and learn about building.

按说明书步骤拼装并完成你的积木模型。



INSTALLATION
TIPS

1:1 Physical Reference Table

十字棒配件1:1尺寸参照表



Instructions For Use

让安装更简单



2 $(1 \times 2) = 2$



3 $(1 \times 3) = 3$



4 $(1 \times 4) = 4$



5 $(1 \times 5) = 5$



6 $(1 \times 6) = 6$



7 $(1 \times 7) = 7$



8 $(1 \times 8) = 8$



9 $(1 \times 9) = 9$



10 $(1 \times 10) = 10$



12 $(1 \times 12) = 12$



16 $(1 \times 16) = 16$





加拿大国会大厦

Parliament Building ■

Canada

The contents of this chapter refer to the Wikipedia website.

本章内容参考维基百科网站，
更多资讯可自行查阅。

The world's great architecture

About The Building



Parliament Hill, colloquially known as The Hill, is an area of Crown land on the southern banks of the Ottawa River in downtown Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. Its Gothic revival suite of buildings is the home of the Parliament of Canada and has architectural elements of national symbolic importance. Parliament Hill attracts approximately 3 million visitors each year. Law enforcement on Parliament Hill and in the parliamentary precinct is the responsibility of the Parliamentary Protective Service (PPS).

Originally the site of a military base in the 18th and early 19th centuries, development of the area into a governmental precinct began in 1859, after Queen Victoria chose Ottawa as the capital of the Province of Canada. Following a number of extensions to the parliament and departmental buildings and a fire in 1916 that destroyed the Centre Block, Parliament Hill took on its present form with the completion of the Peace Tower in 1927. Since 2002, an extensive \$1 billion renovation and rehabilitation project has been underway throughout all of the precinct's buildings; work is not expected to be complete until after 2028.



Early History

Parliament Hill is a limestone outcrop with a gently sloping top that was originally covered in primeval forest of beech and hemlock. For hundreds of years, the hill served as a landmark on the Ottawa River for First Nations and, later, European traders, adventurers, and industrialists, to mark their journey to the interior of the continent. After Ottawa, then called Bytown, was founded, the builders of the Rideau Canal used the hill as a location for a military base, naming it Barrack Hill. A large fortress was planned for the site but never built, and by the mid-19th century the hill had lost its strategic importance.



Selection as a parliamentary precinct

In 1858, Queen Victoria selected Ottawa as the capital of the Province of Canada, and Barrack Hill was chosen as the site for the new parliament buildings, given its prominence over both the town and the river, as well as the fact that it was already owned by the Crown. On 7 May, the Department of Public Works issued a call for design proposals for the new parliament buildings to be erected on Barrack Hill, which was answered with 298 submitted drawings. After the entries were narrowed down to three, Governor General Sir Edmund Walker Head was approached to break the stalemate, and the winners were announced on August 29, 1859.



Parliament Hill (en francés, Colline du Parlement, en español, Colina del Parlamento), coloquialmente conocido como La Colina, es un área de tierras de la Corona en la orilla sur del río Ottawa en el centro de Ottawa, Ontario. Su suite de estilo neogótico de edificios sirve como la sede del Parlamento de Canadá y contiene una serie de elementos arquitectónicos de importancia simbólica nacional. Parliament Hill atrae a aproximadamente tres millones de visitantes cada año.

About The Building



Originalmente, el sitio de una base militar en los siglos XVIII y XIX, el desarrollo de la zona en un recinto gubernamental comenzó en el año 1859, después de la reina Victoria eligió a Bytown, como la capital de la Provincia de Canadá. Tras una serie de extensiones para el parlamento y edificios de departamentos y un incendio en 1916 que destruyó el edificio central, Parliament Hill tomó su actual forma con la terminación de la Torre de la Paz en el año 1927.

Main Color Matching

配色方案



Pantone 431C



Pantone 7509C



Pantone 7500C



Pantone 2310C



Pantone 285C



Pantone 2234C



Color matching

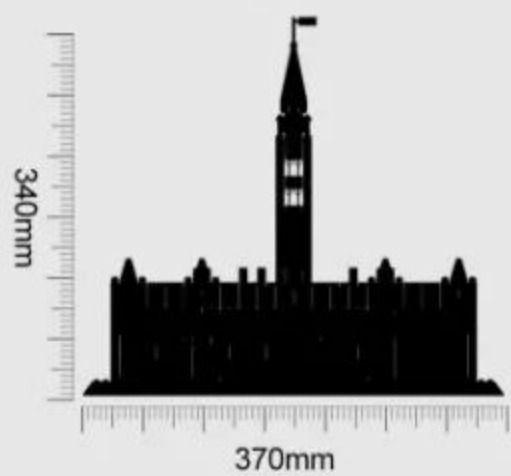
Adopting 6 main colors, beige, brown and gray as the main color, the more reasonable and bold color matching on the original building, making the product more atmospheric and the whole design is more reasonable.

Parliament Building

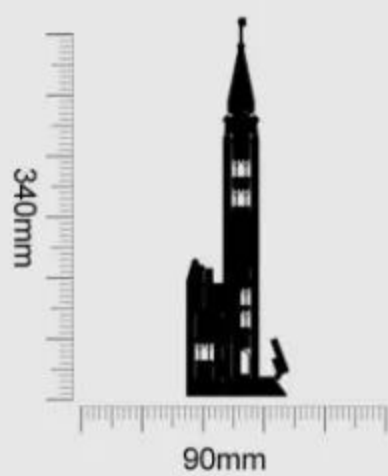
加拿大国会大厦



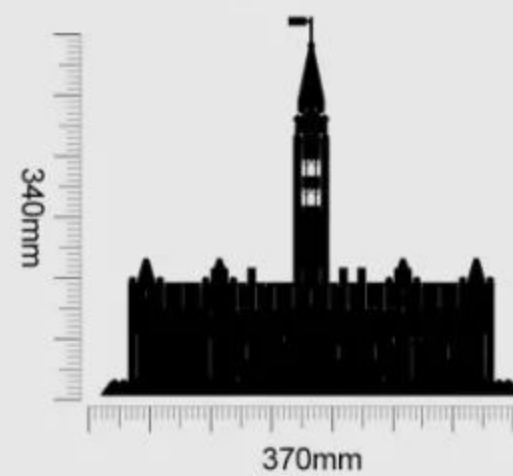
Front



Left



Back

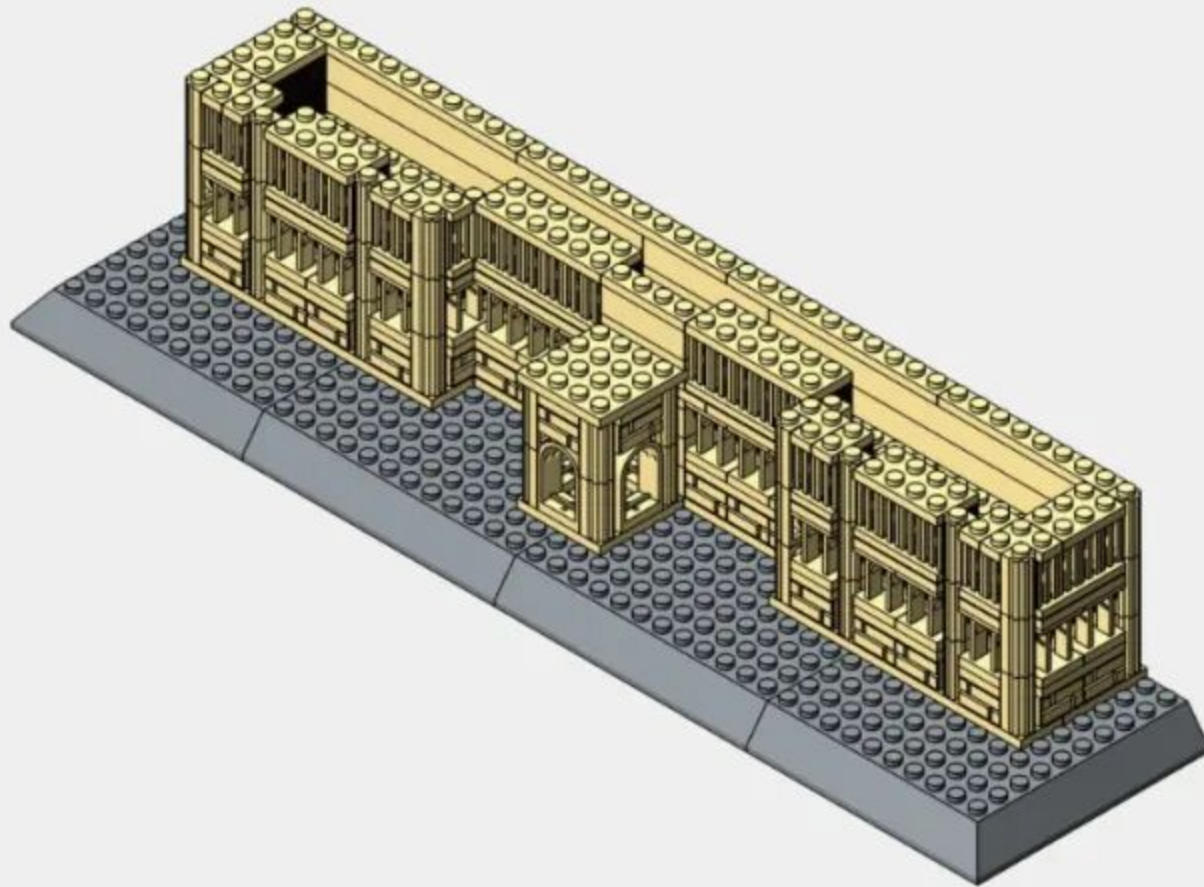


Product Size:370X340x90mm

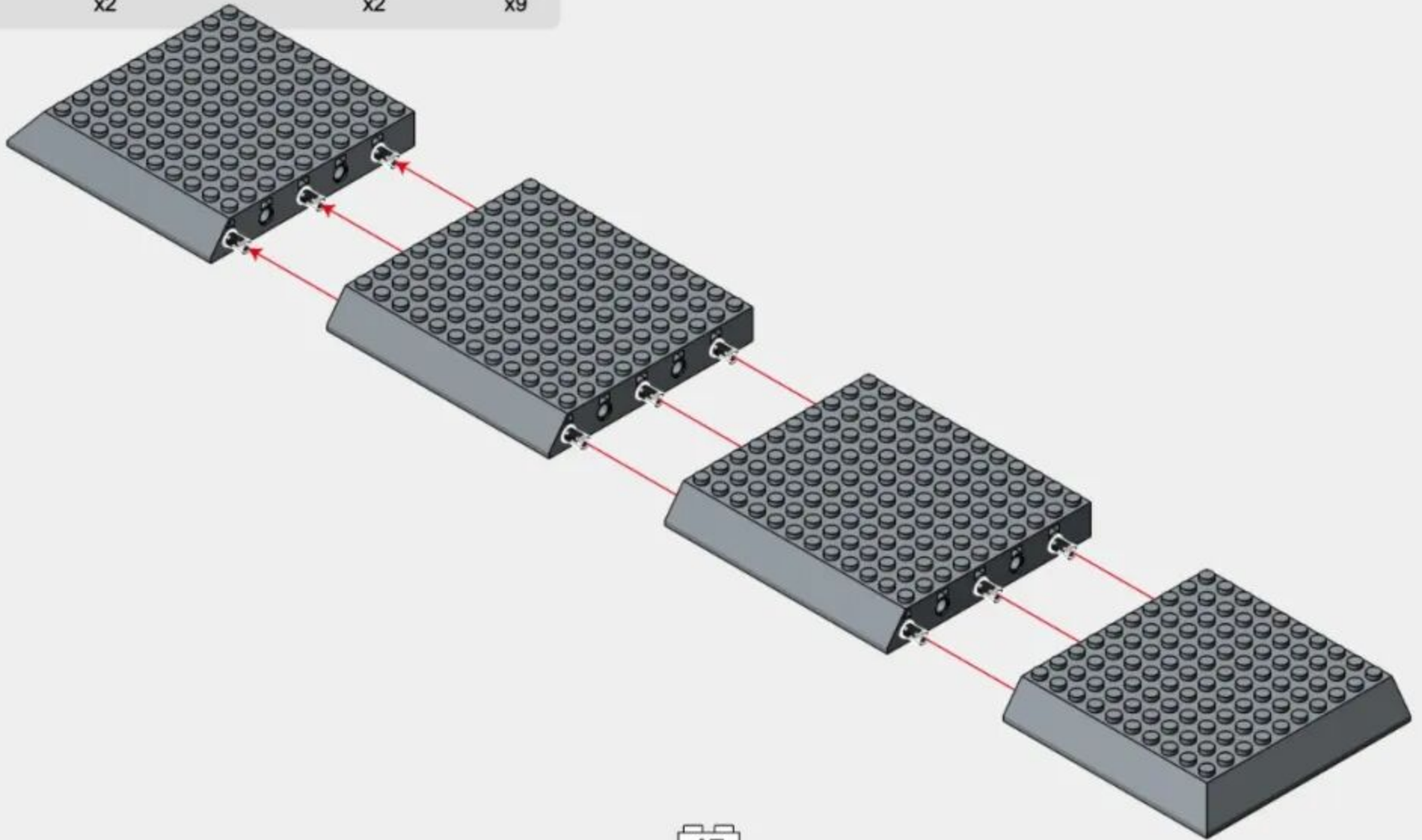
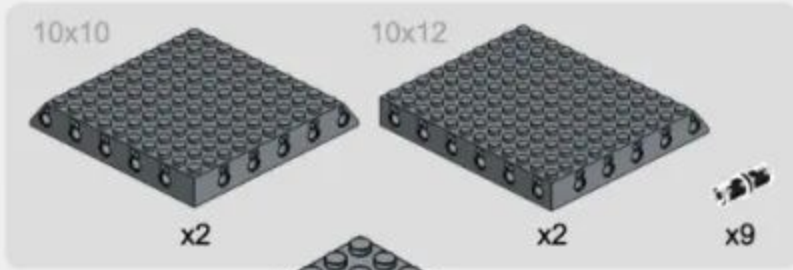




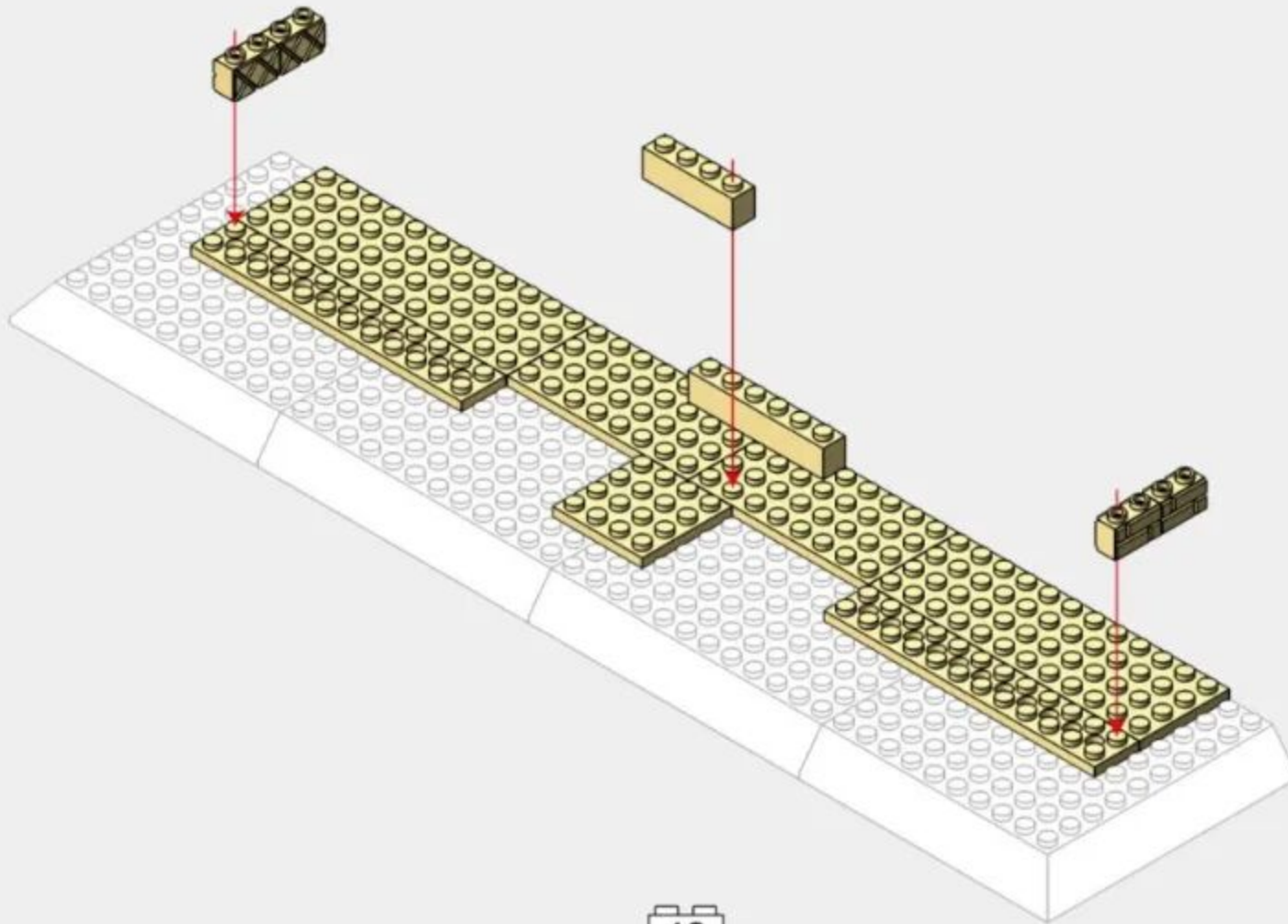
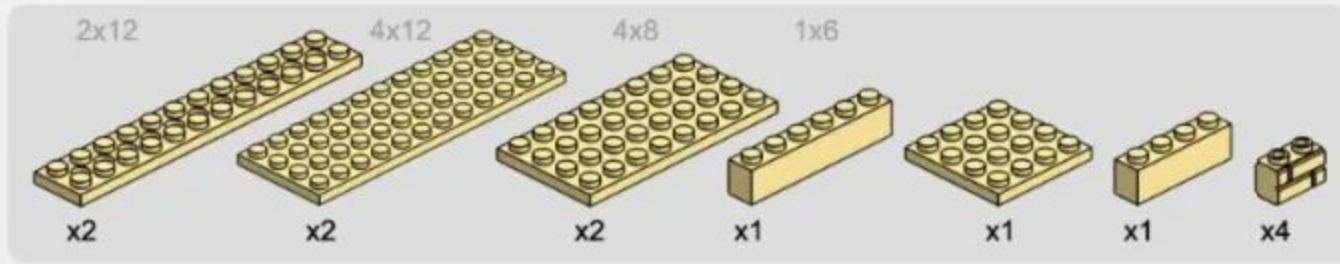
279PCS



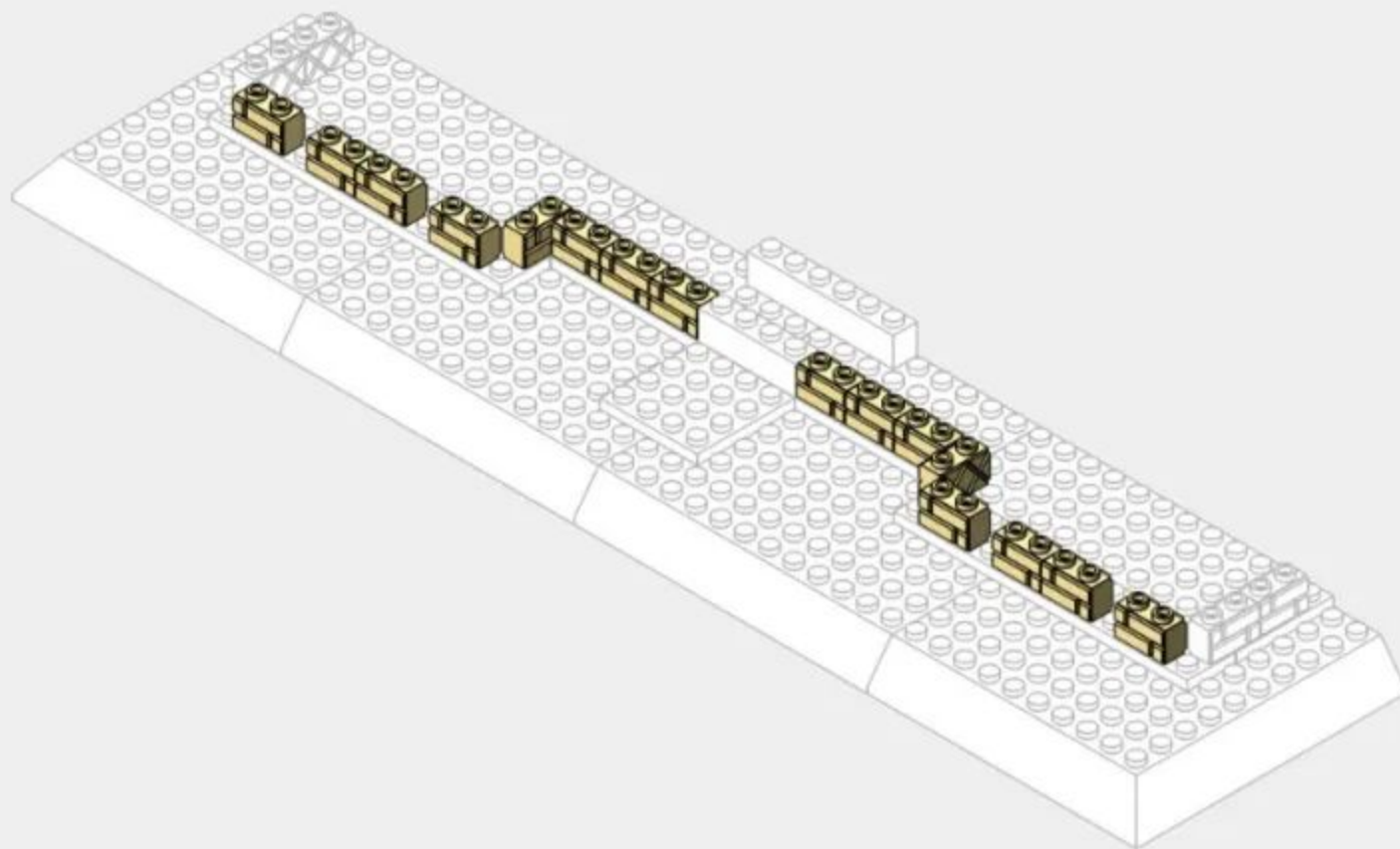
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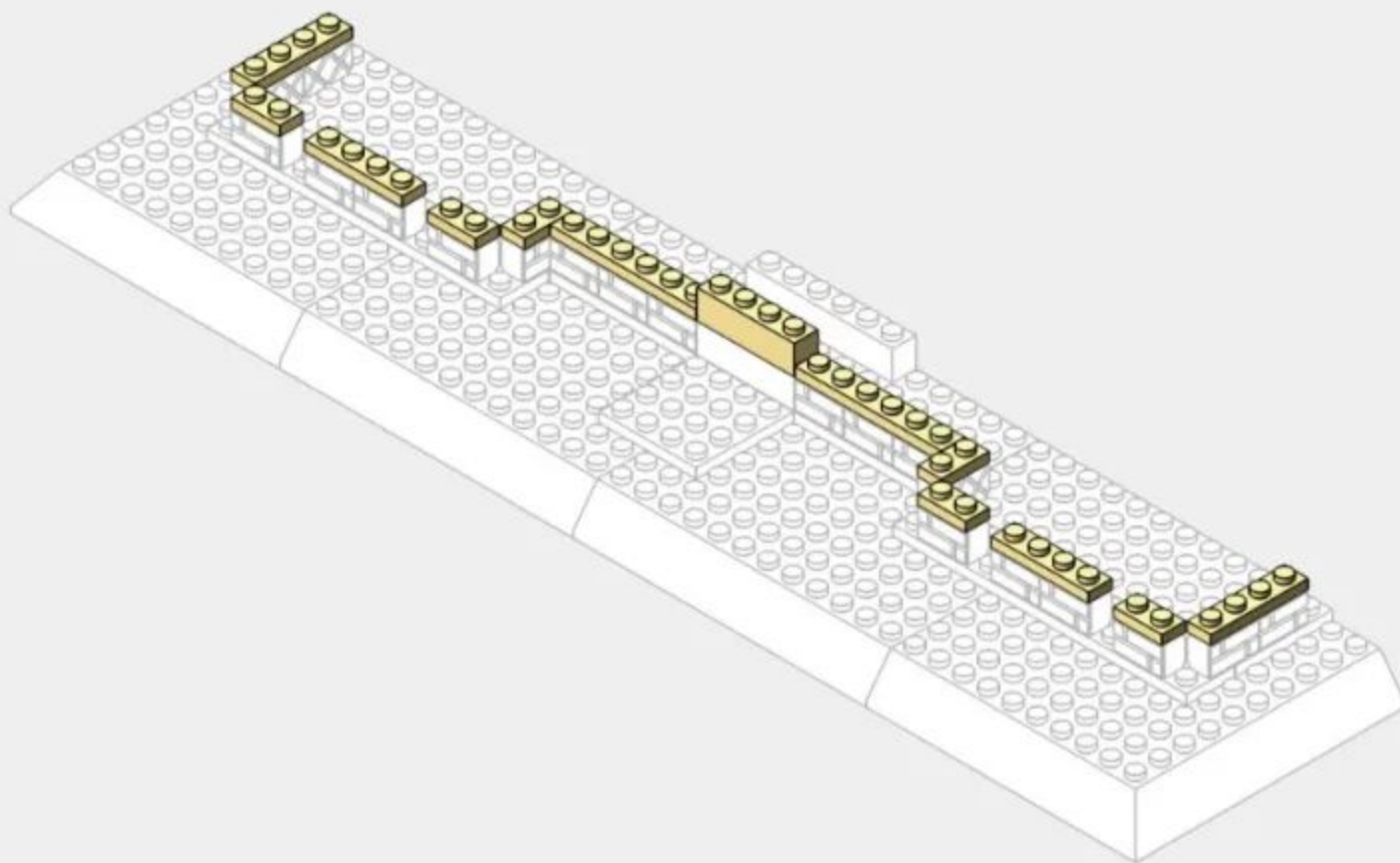
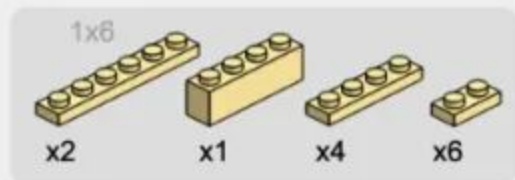
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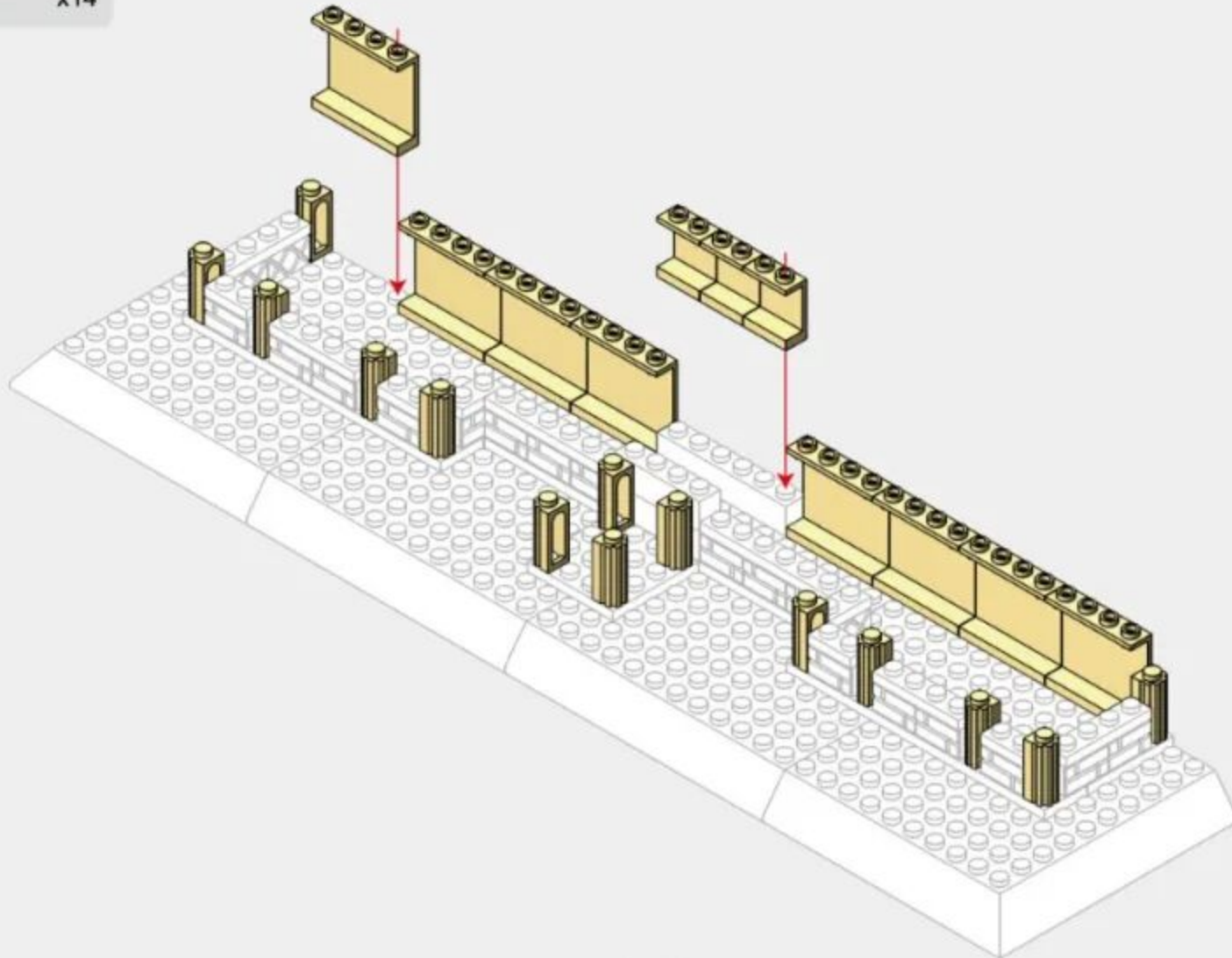
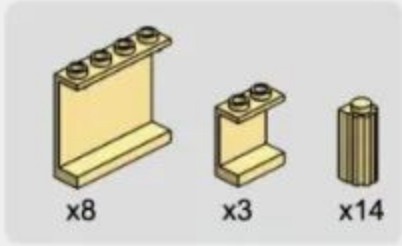
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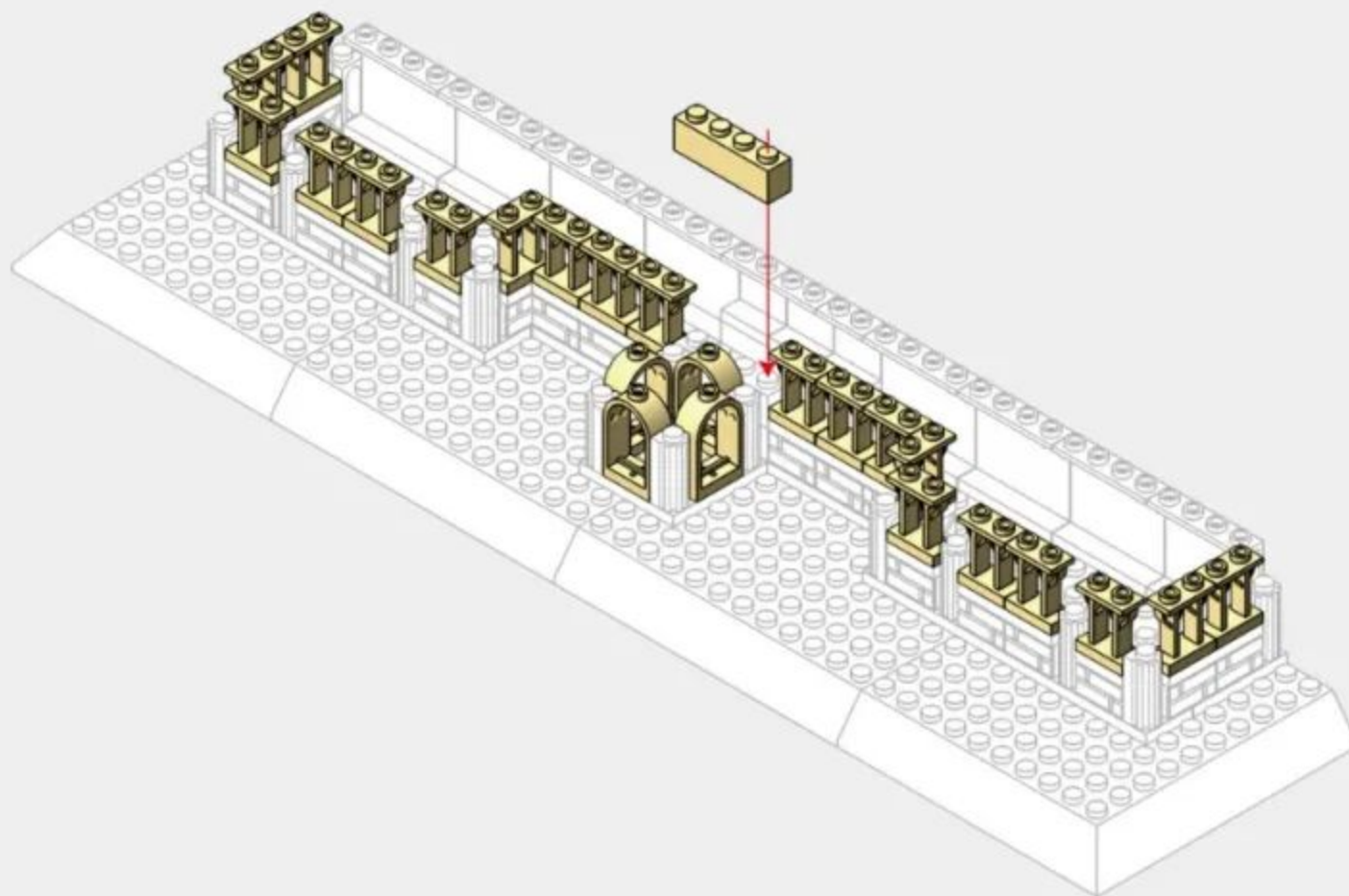
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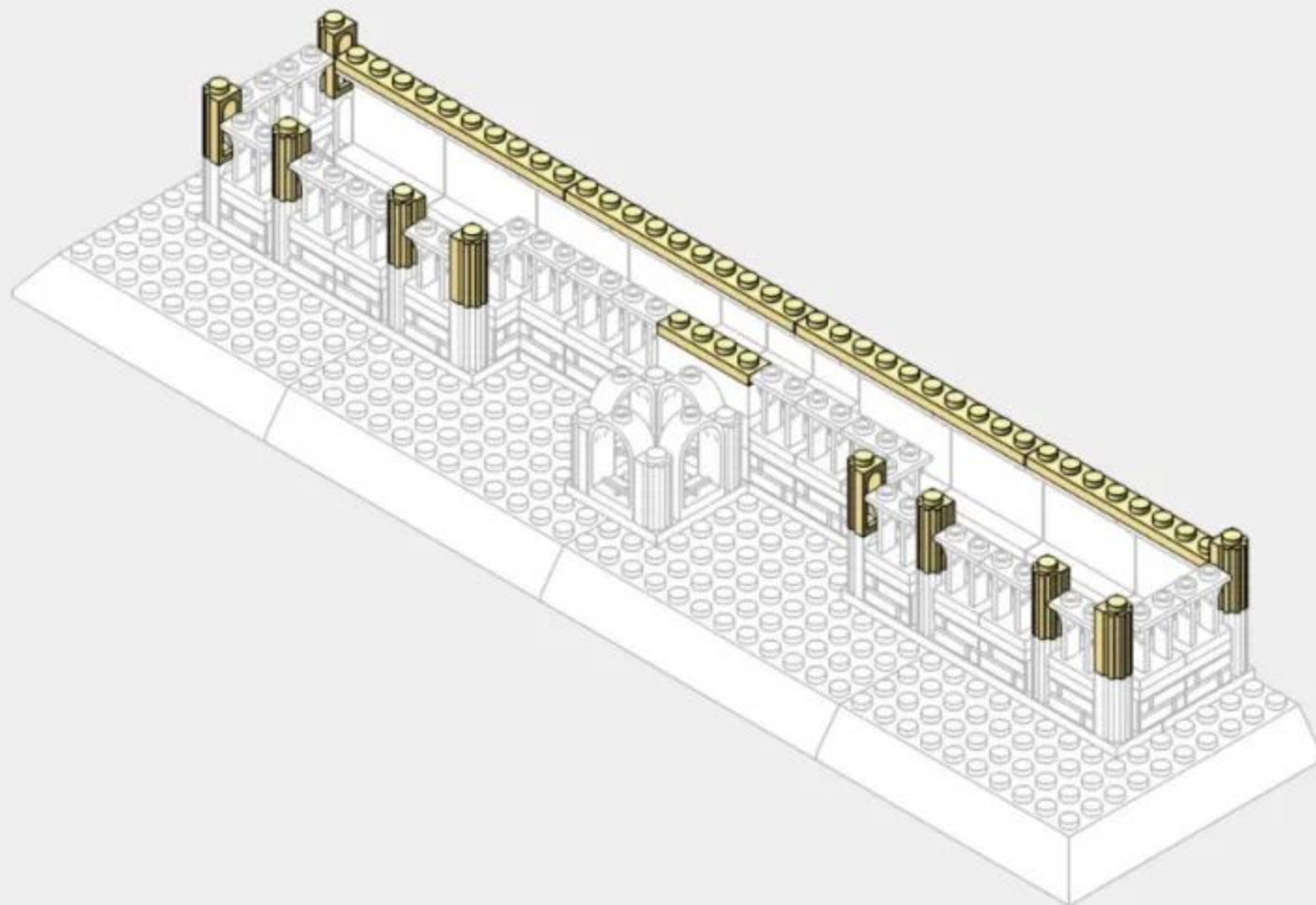
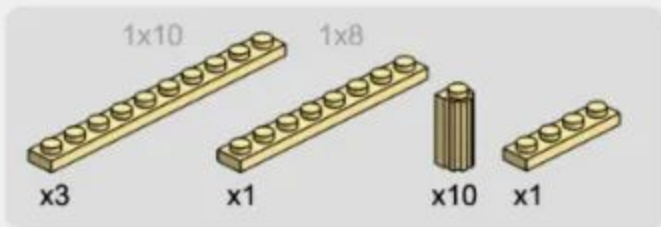
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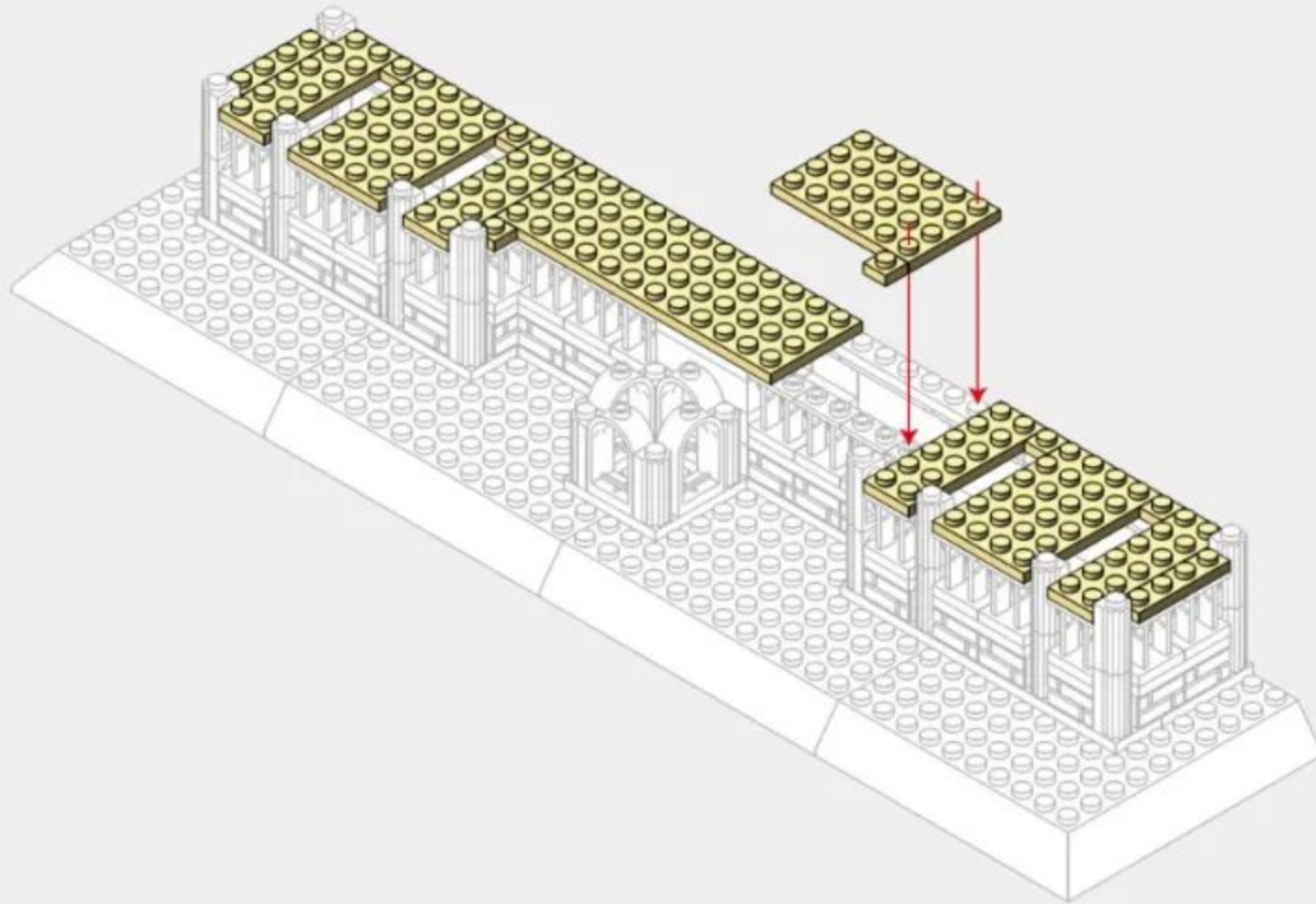
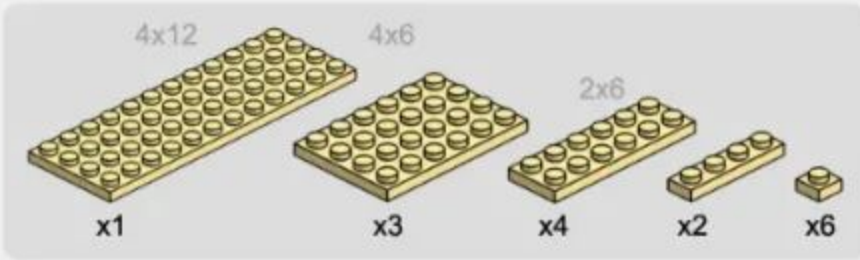
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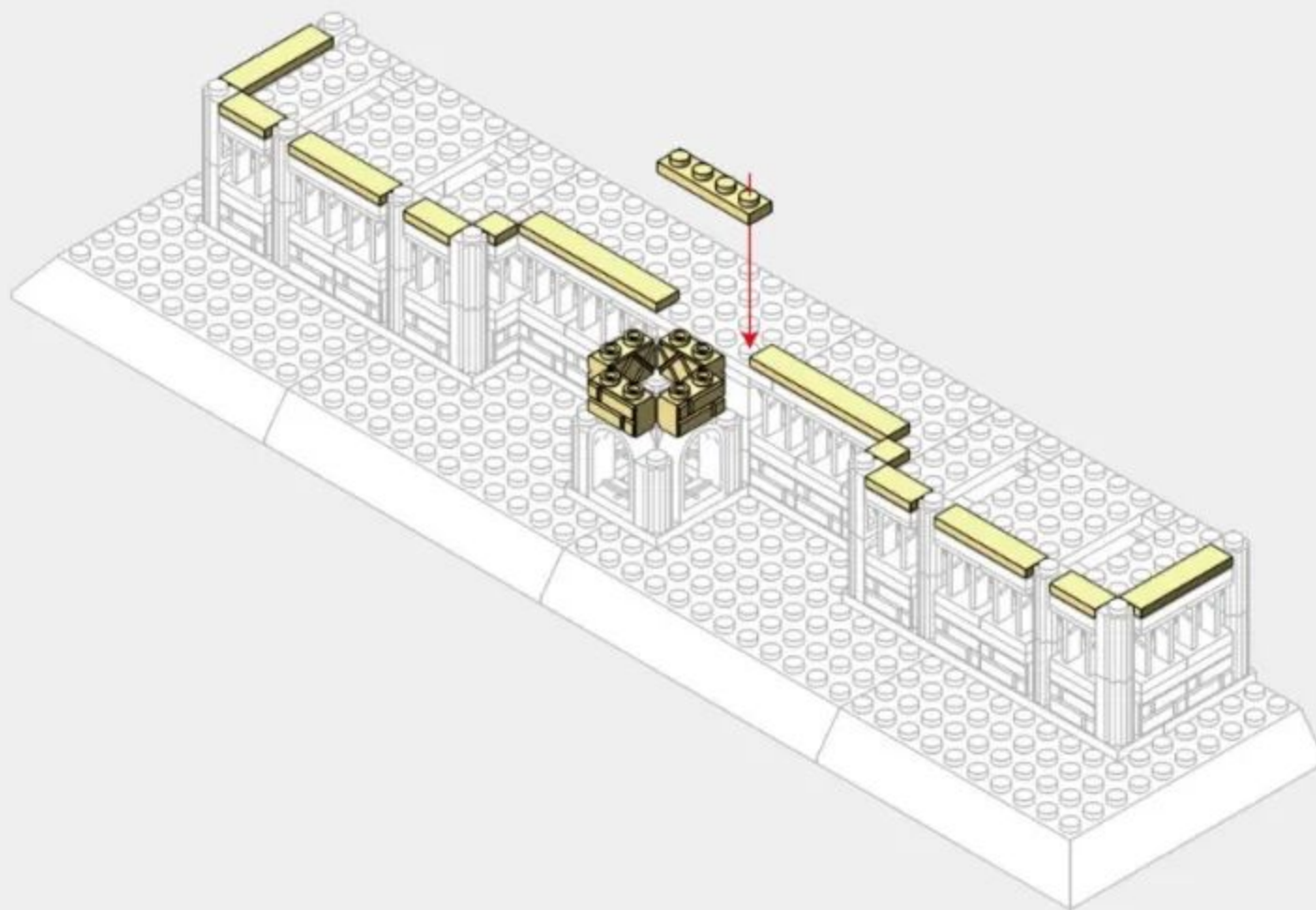
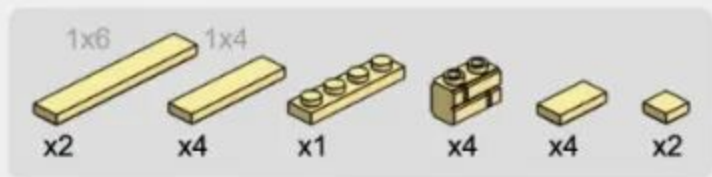
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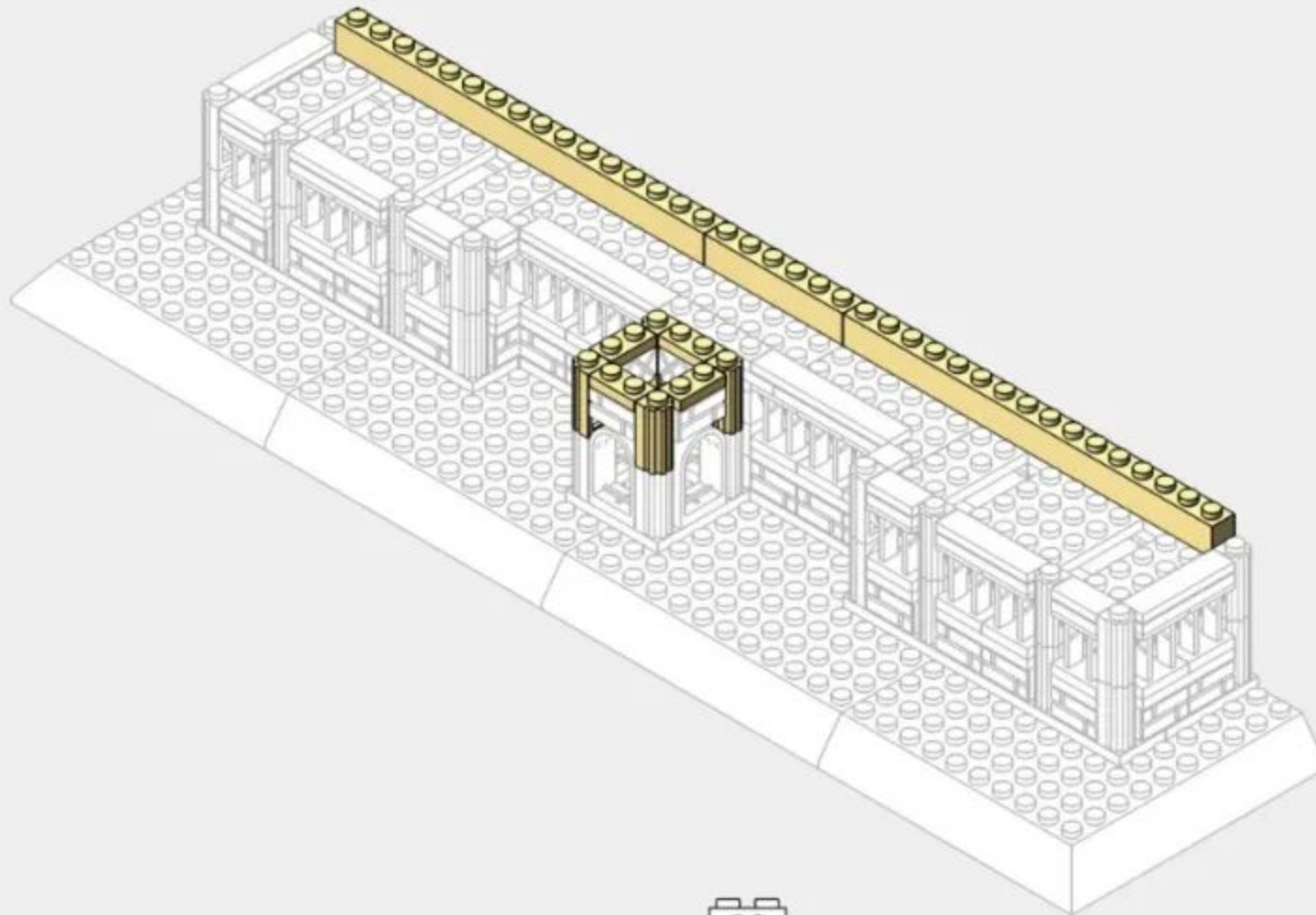
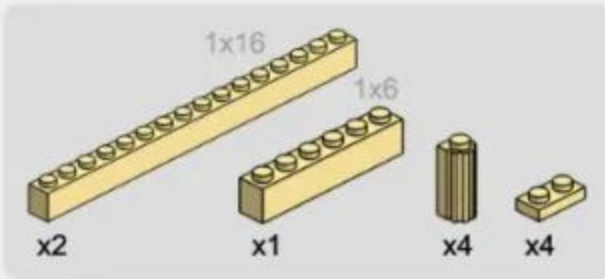
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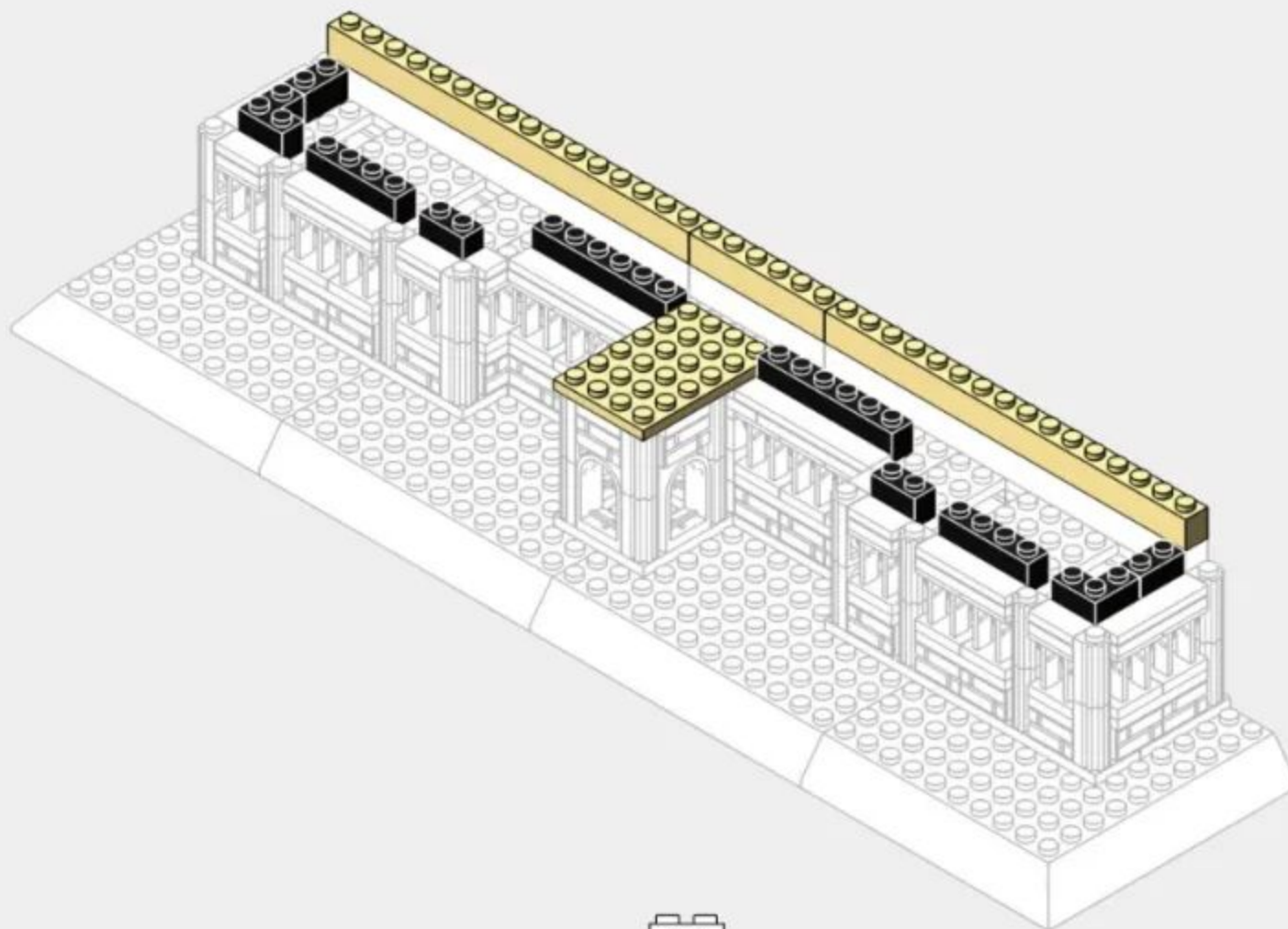
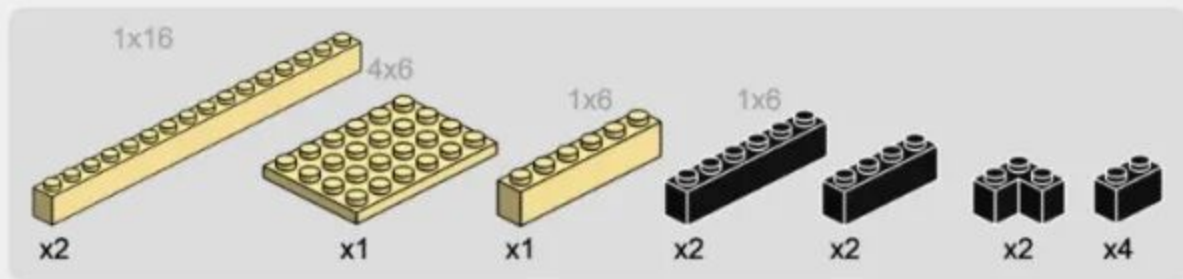
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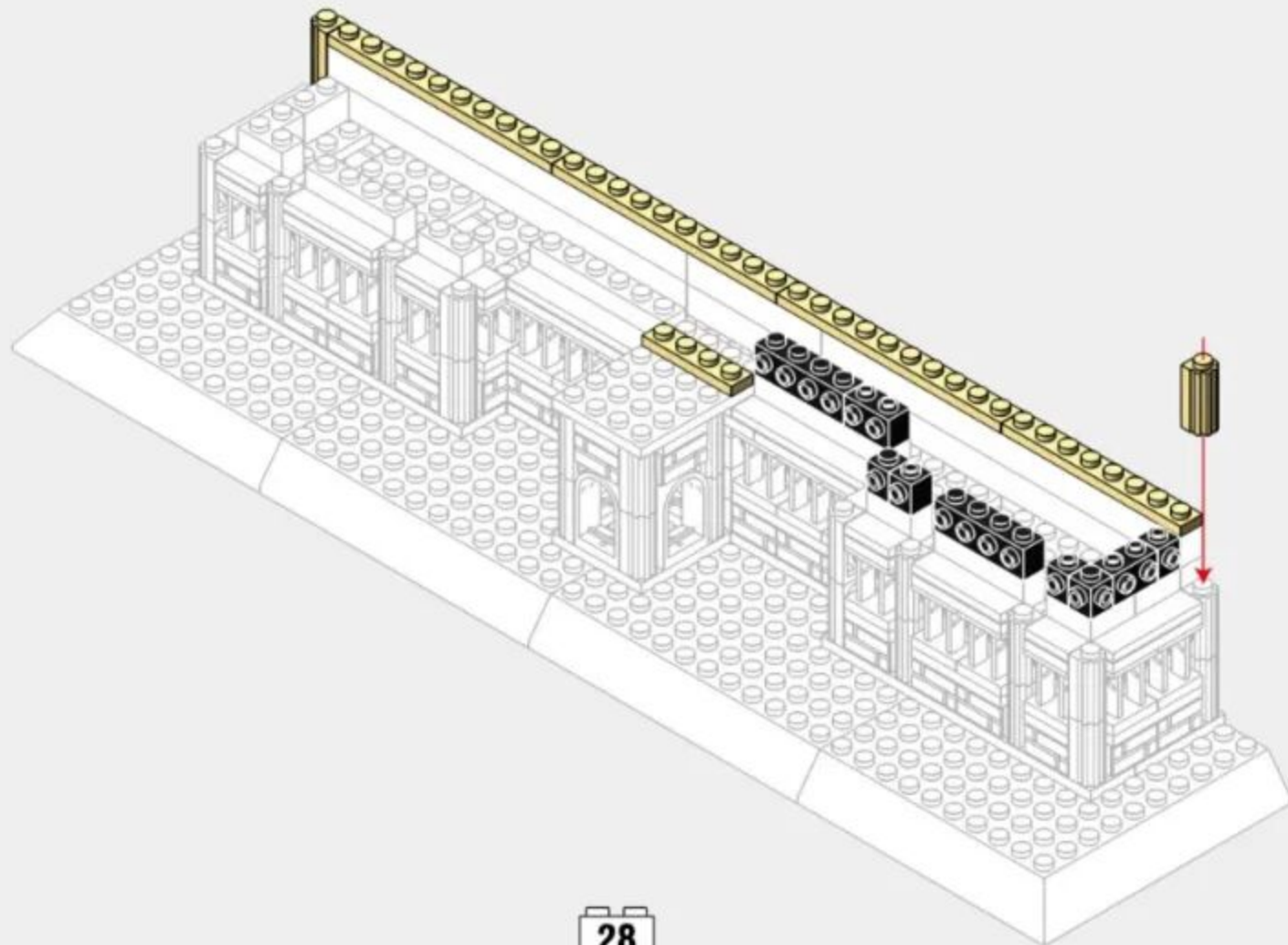
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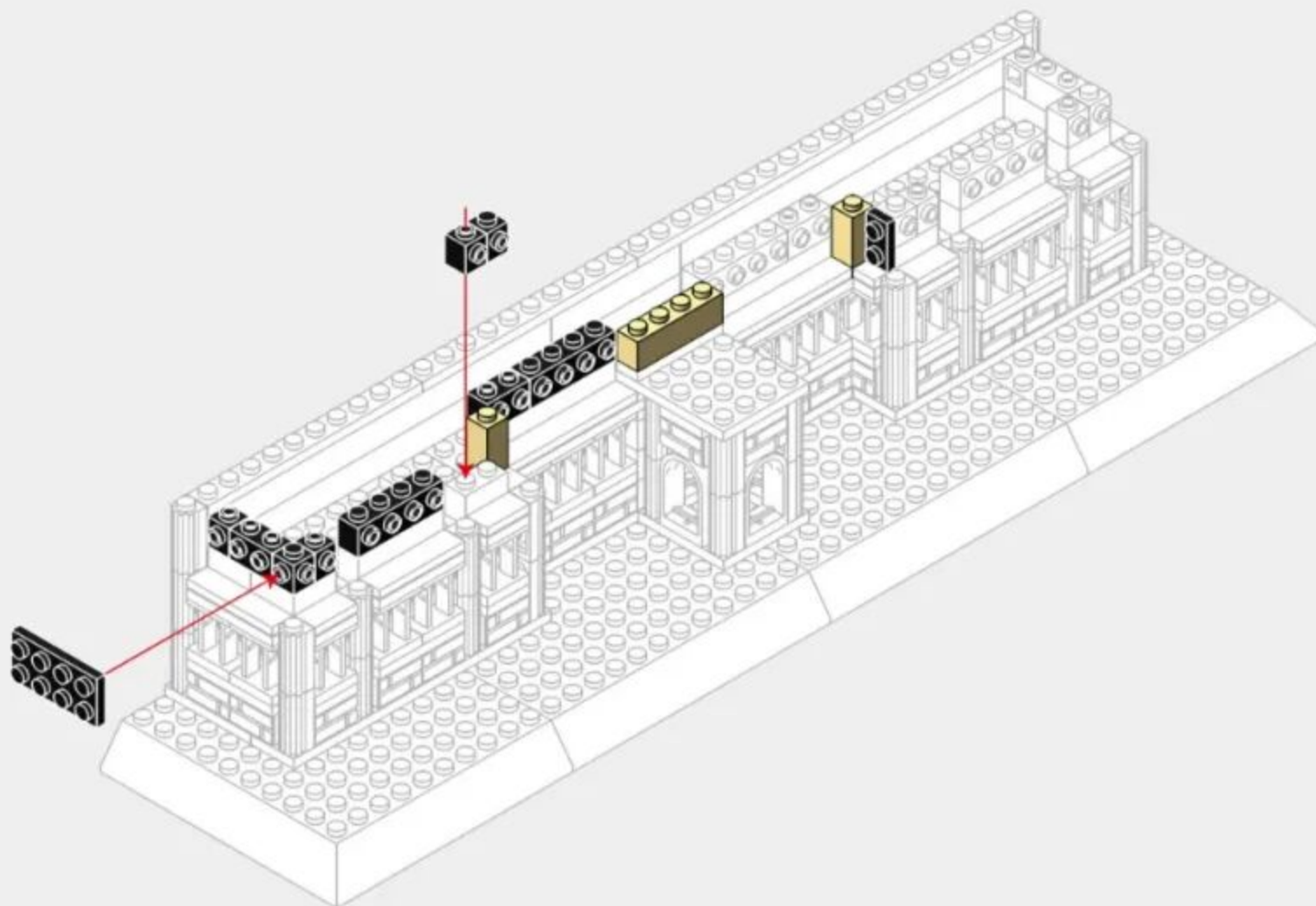
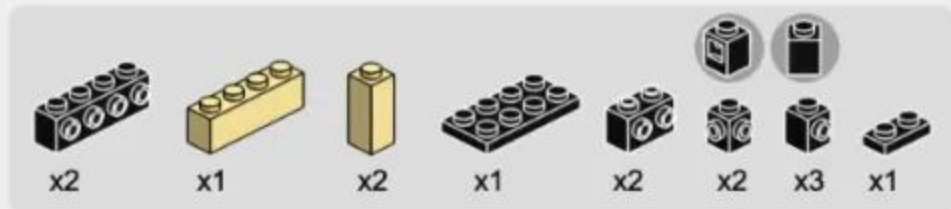
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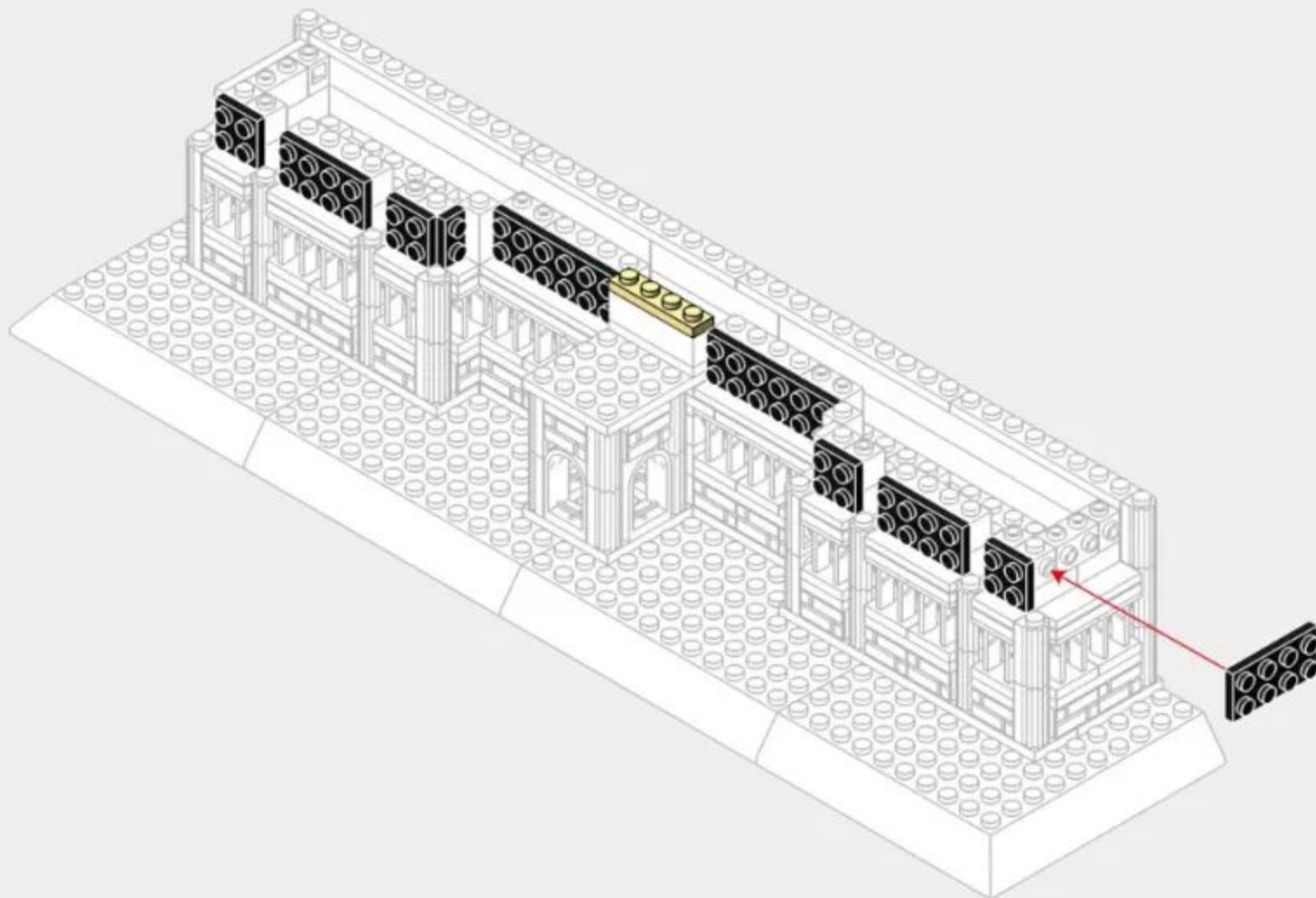
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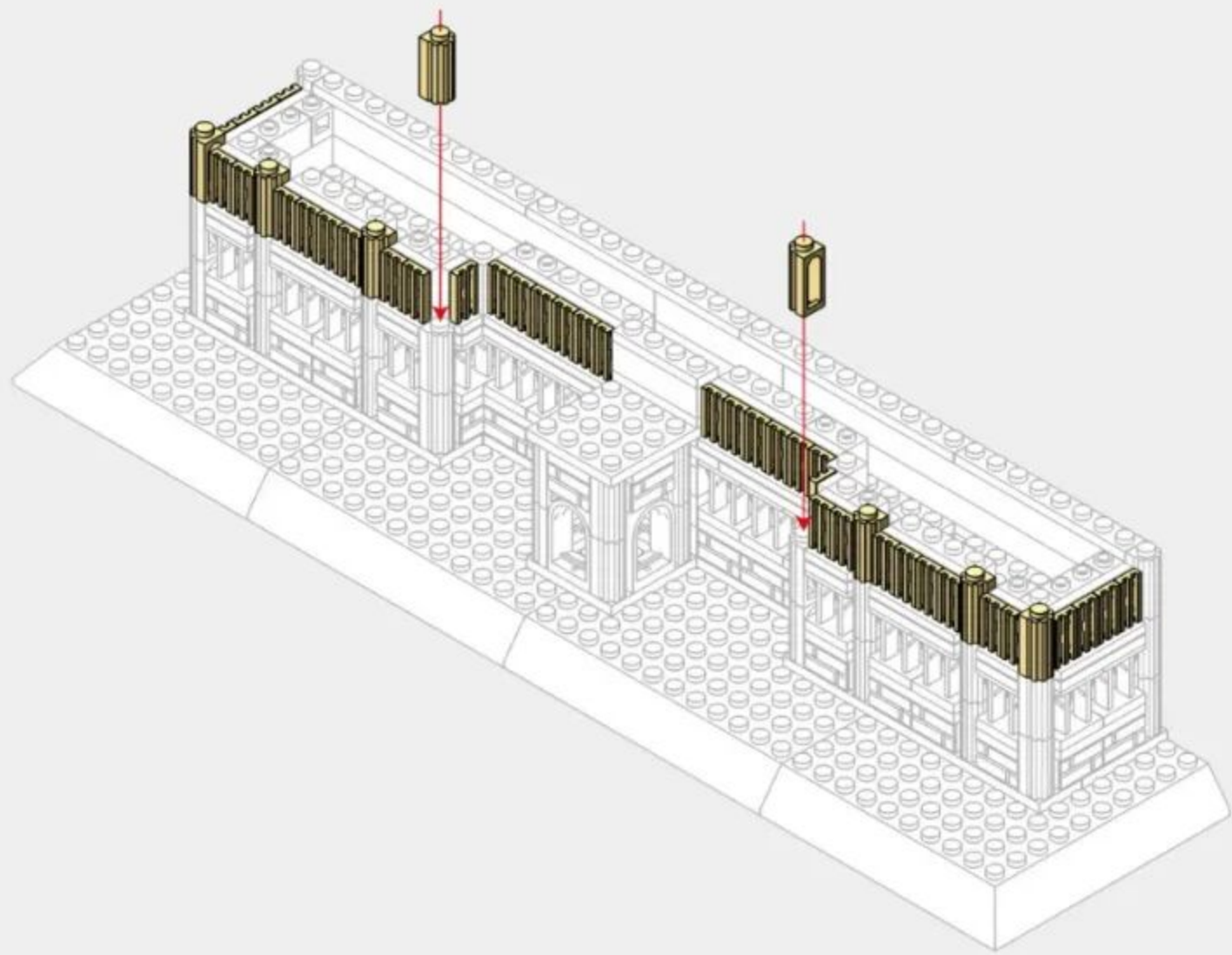
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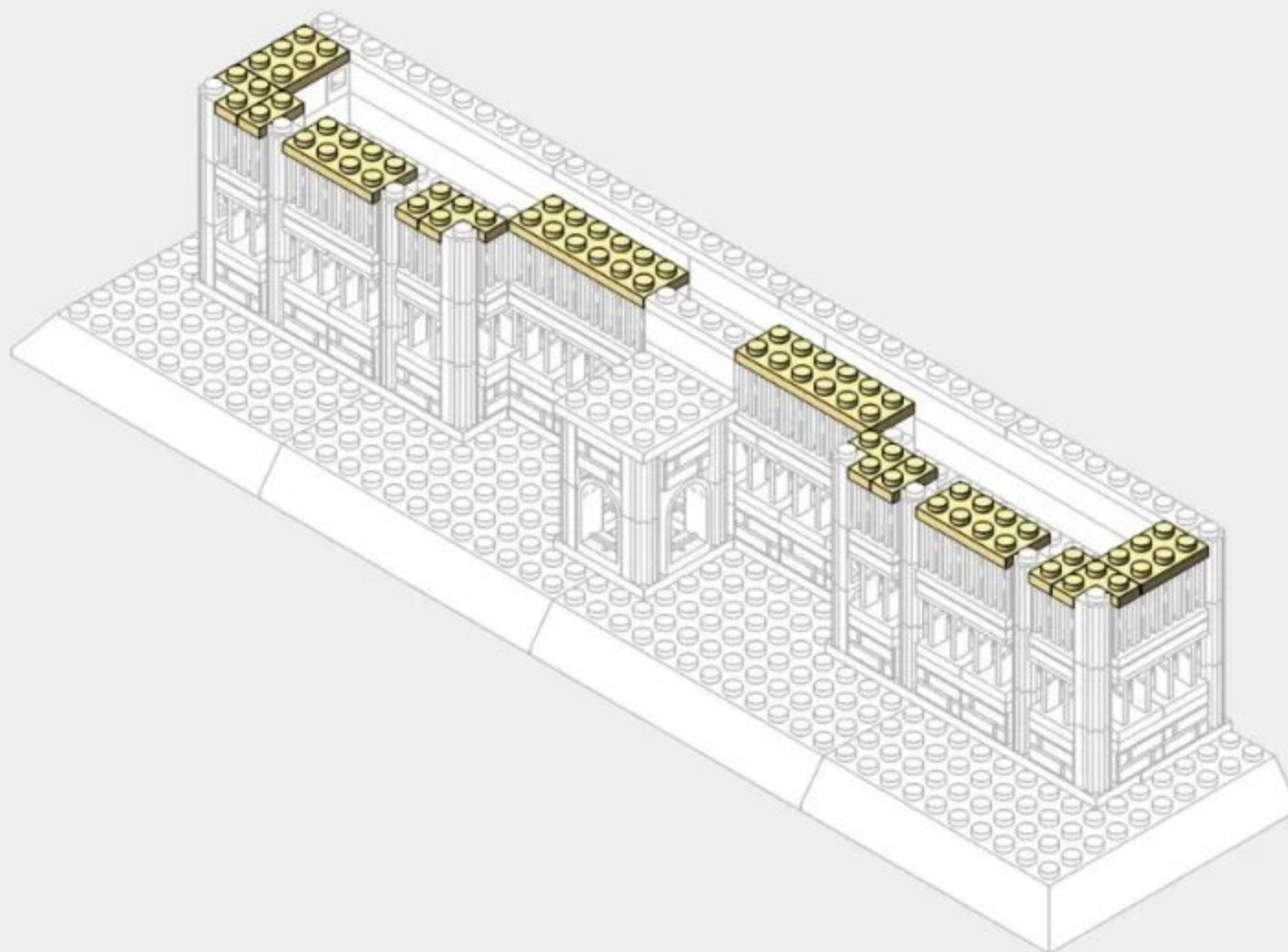
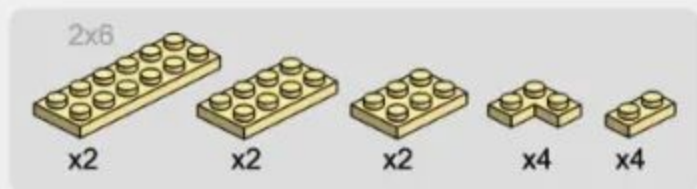
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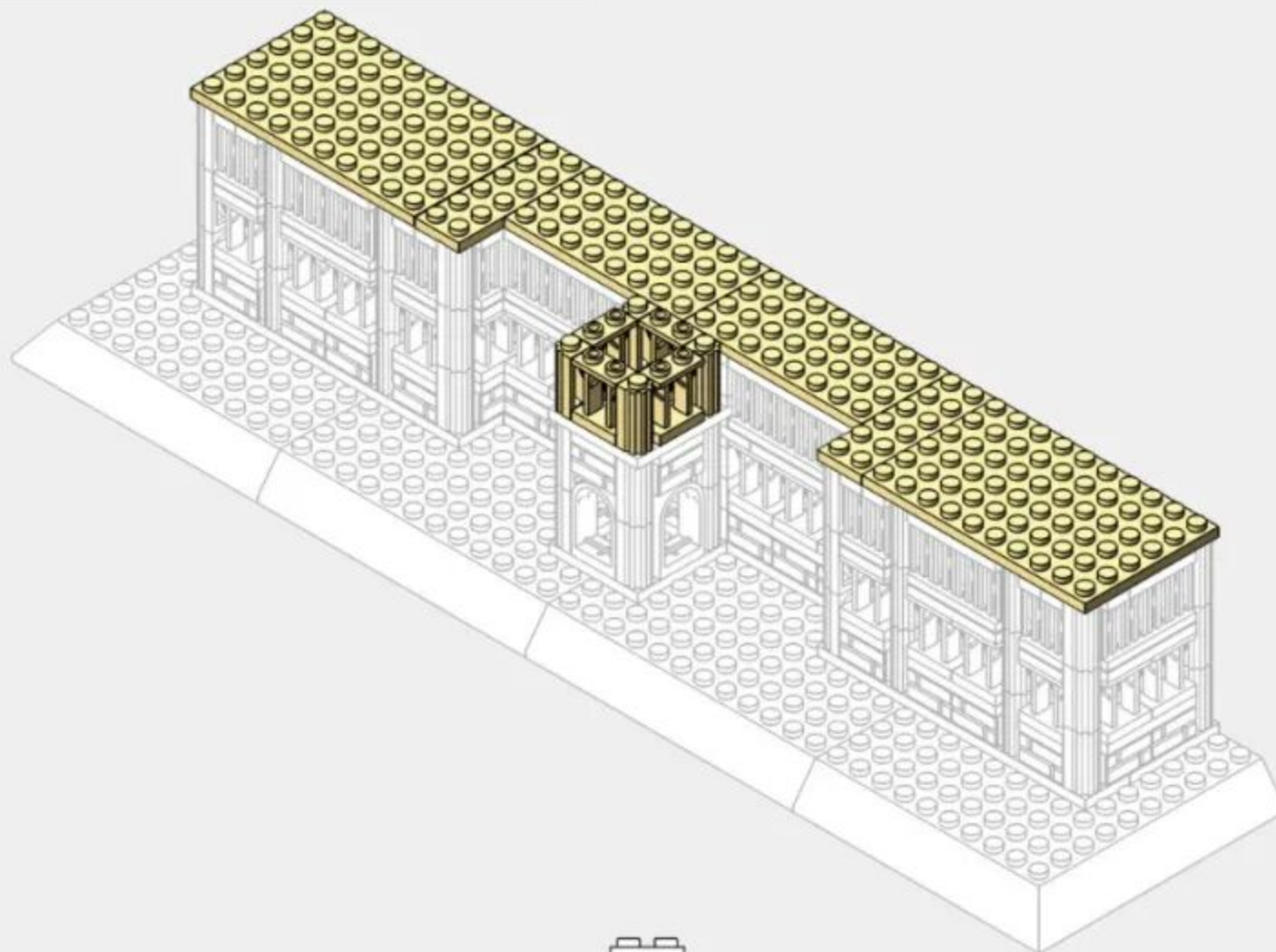
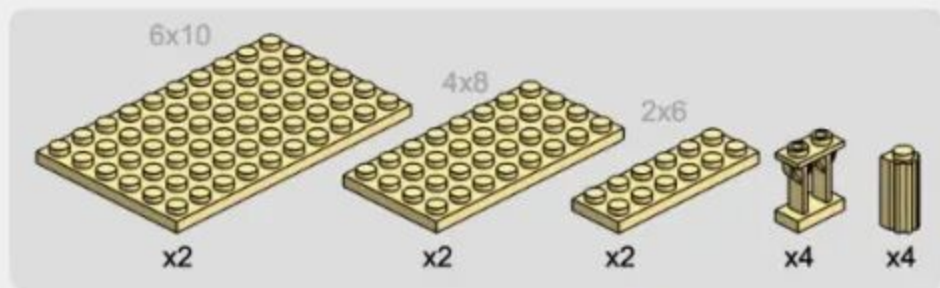


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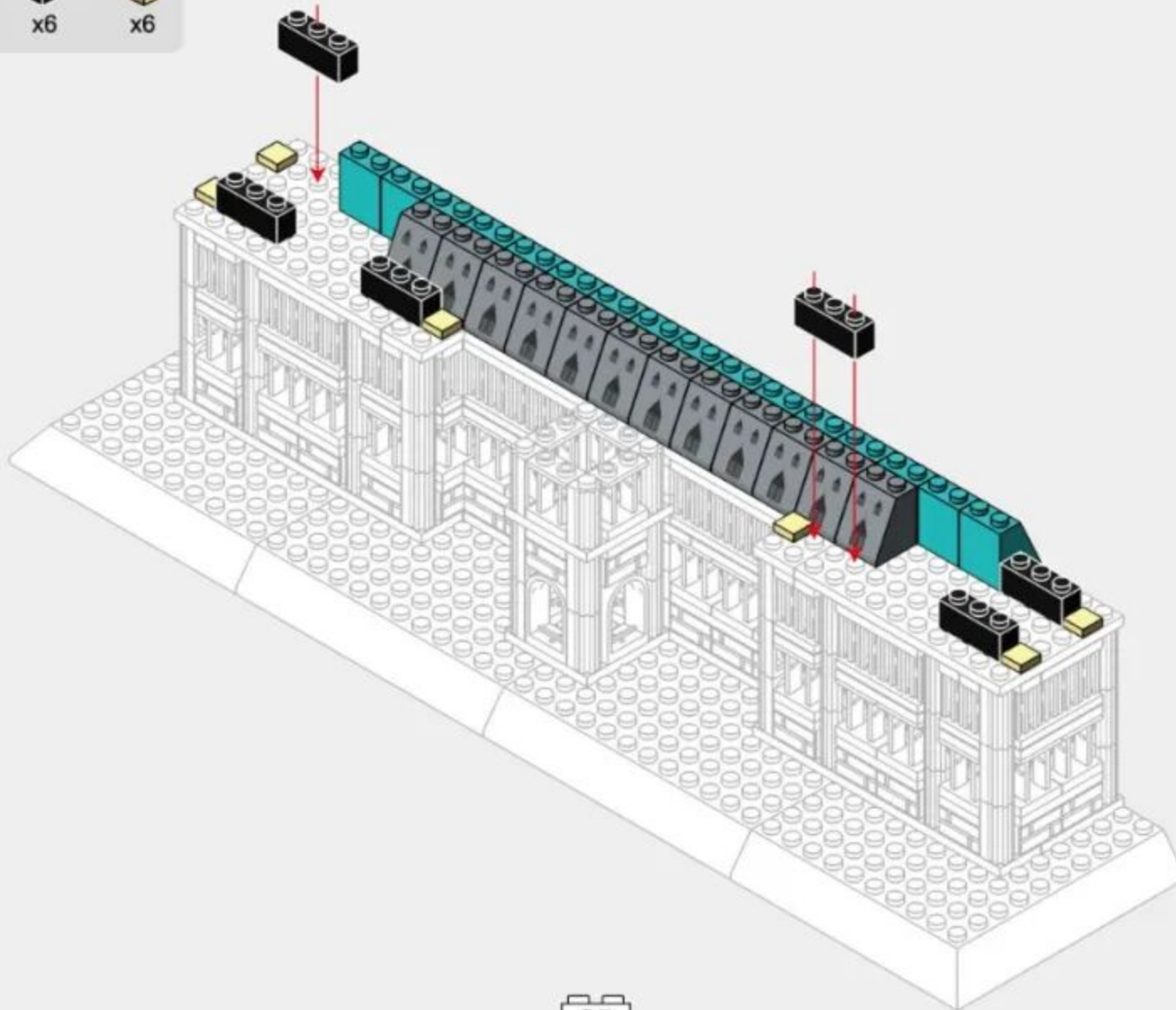


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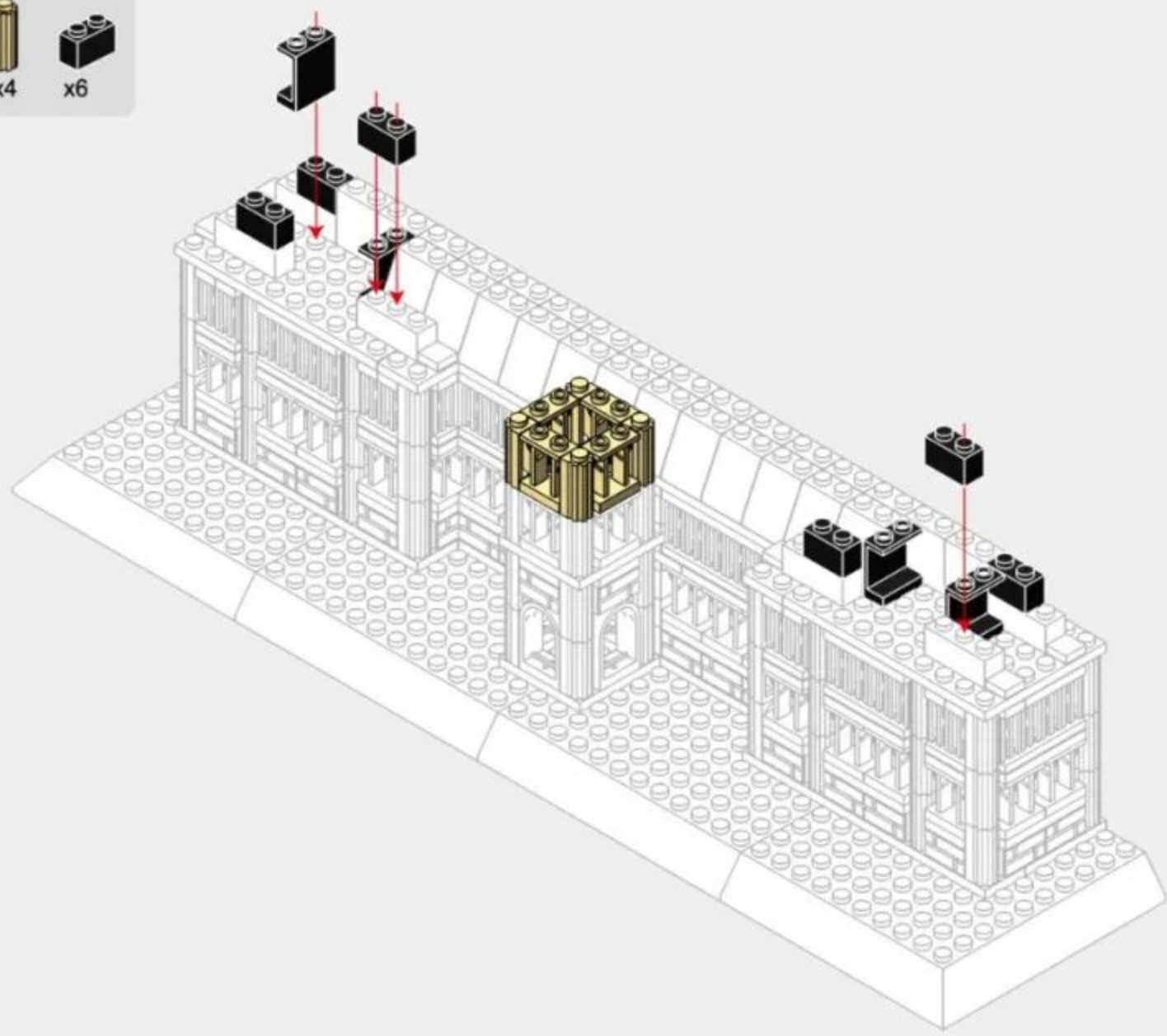
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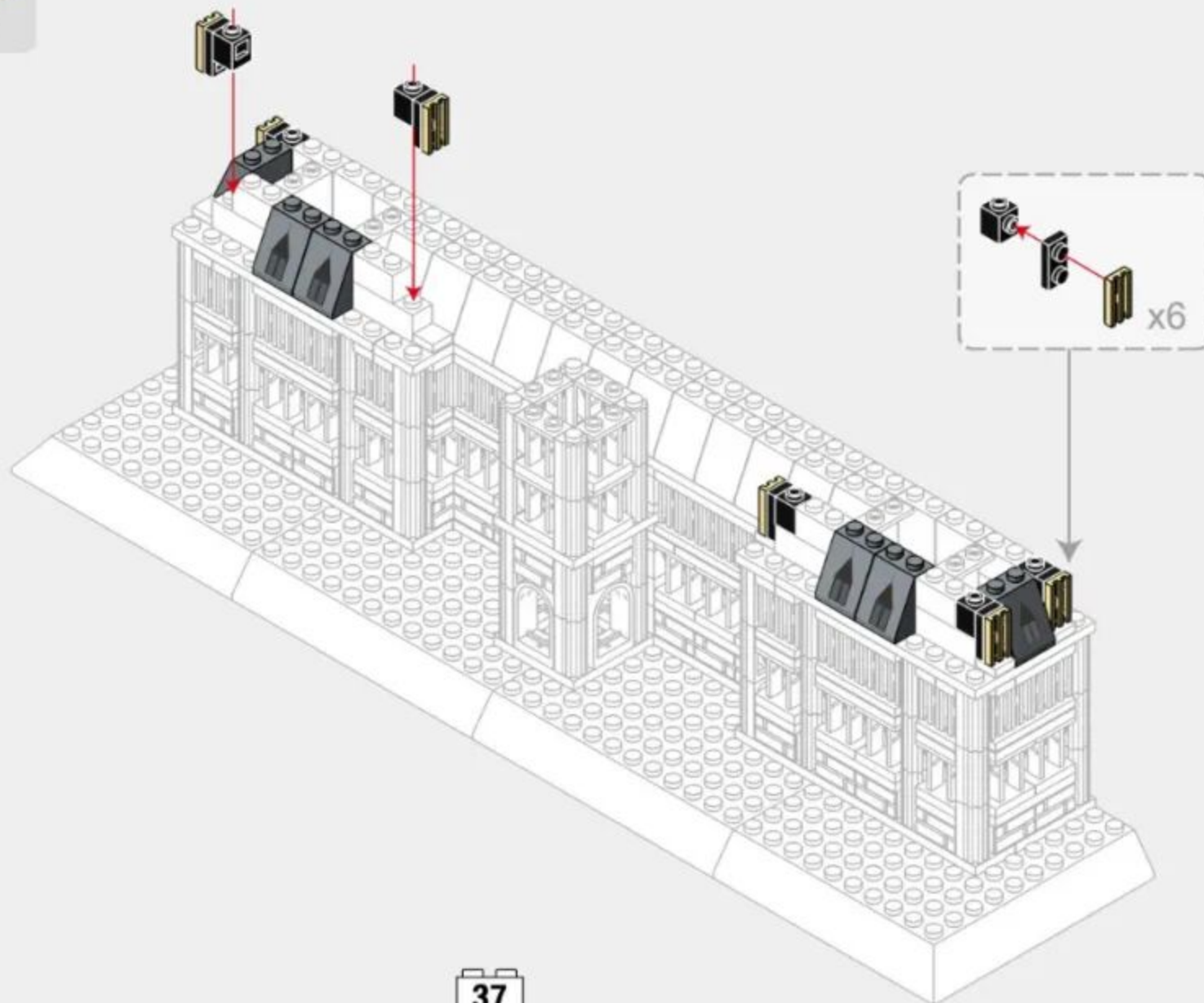
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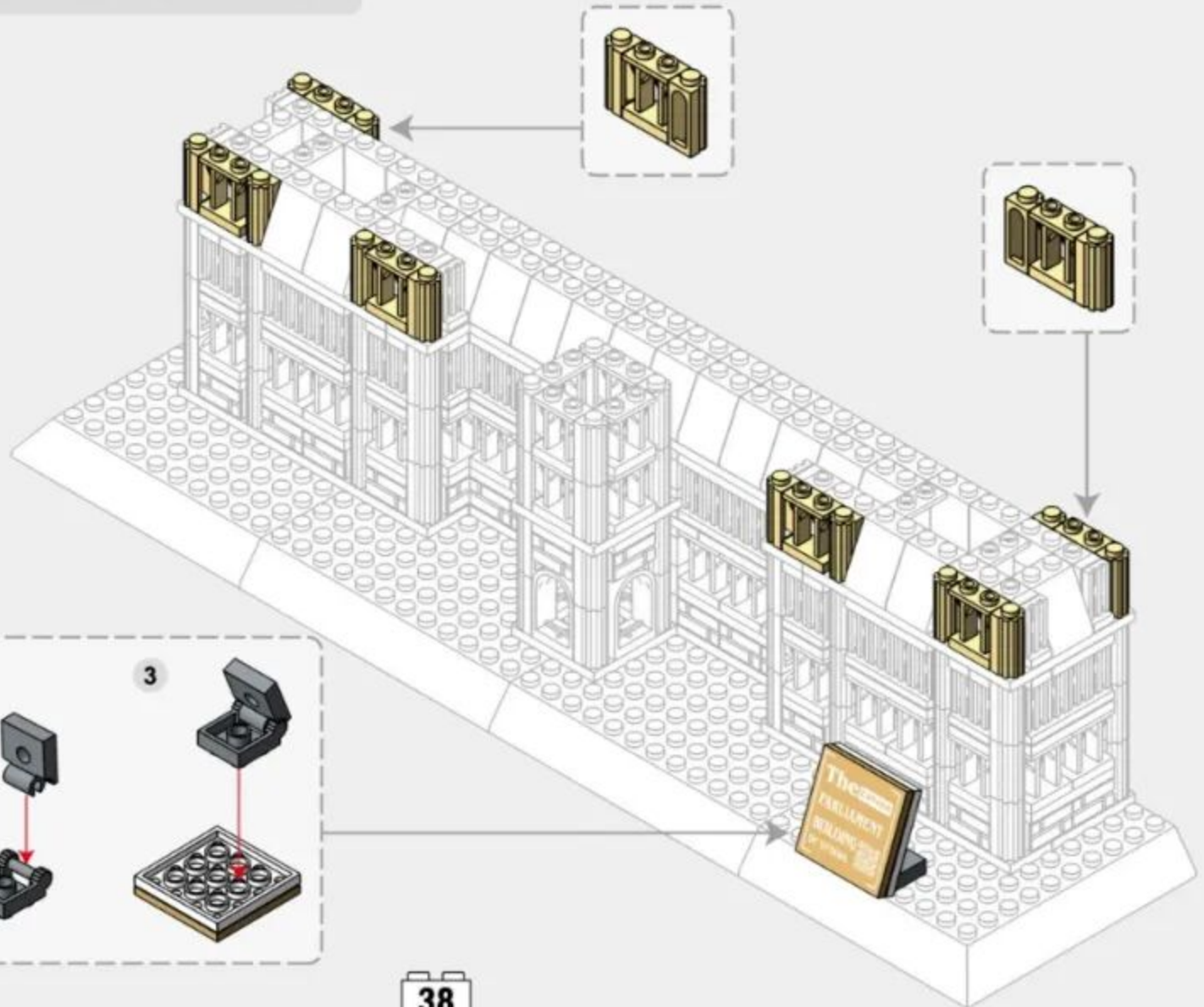
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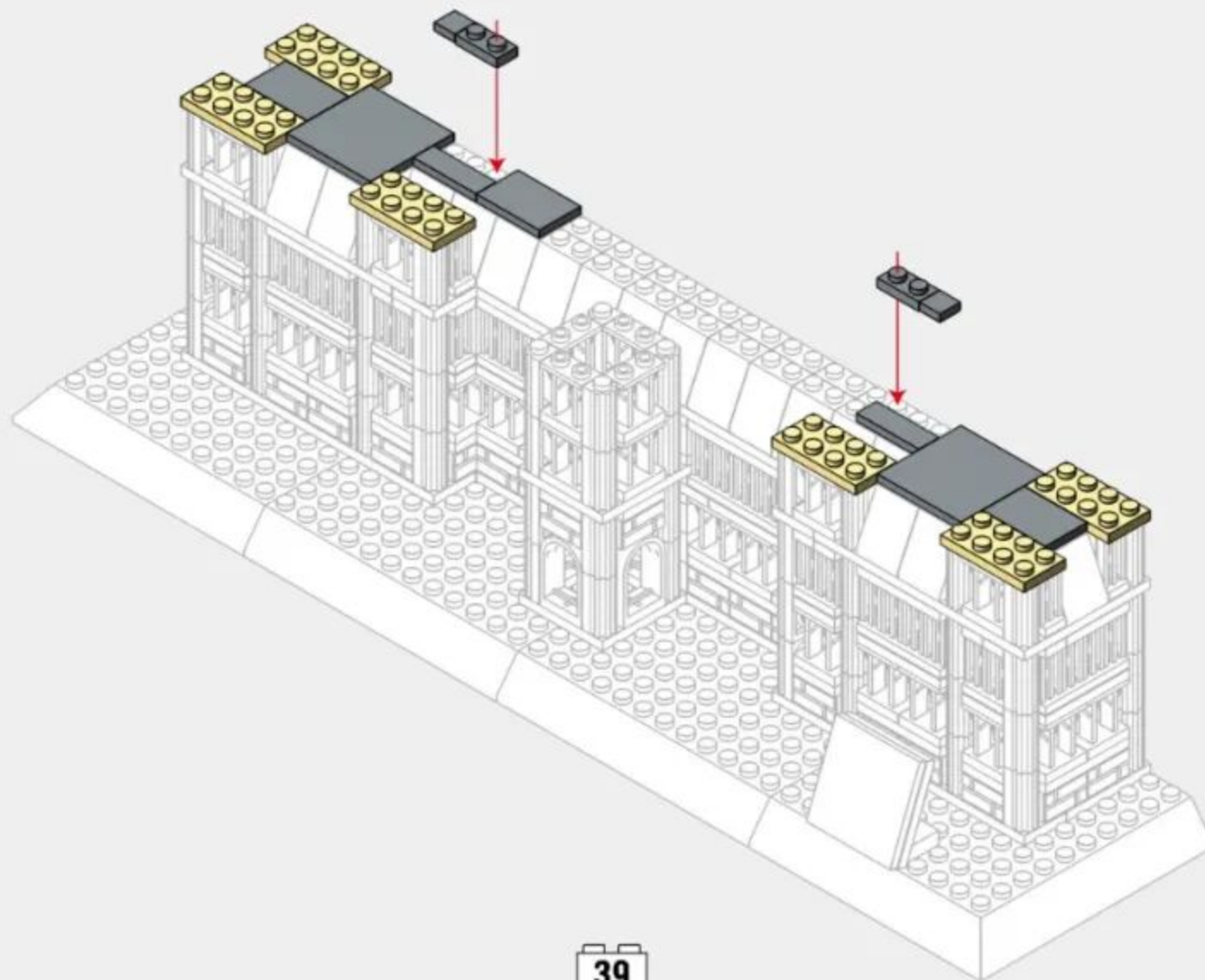
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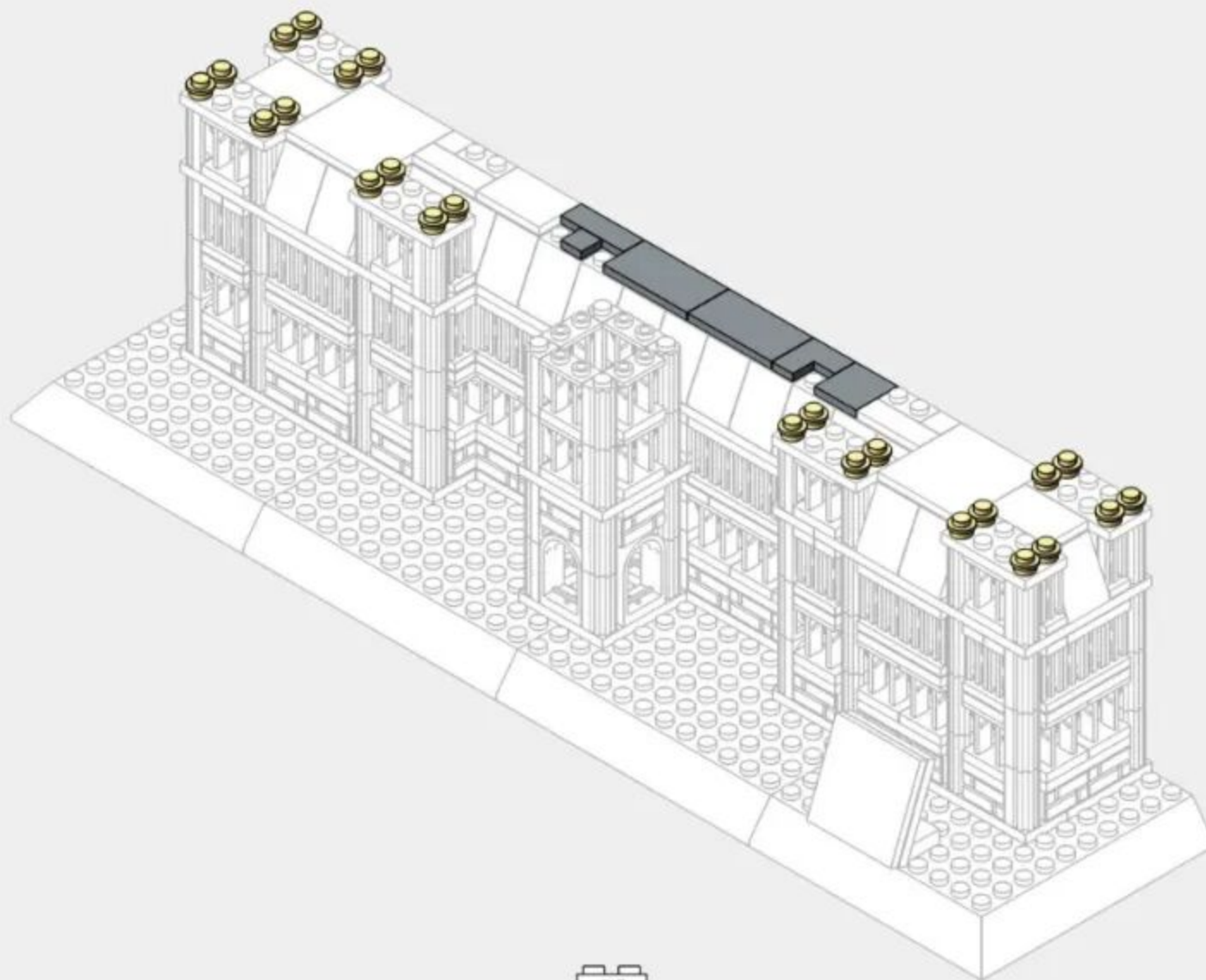
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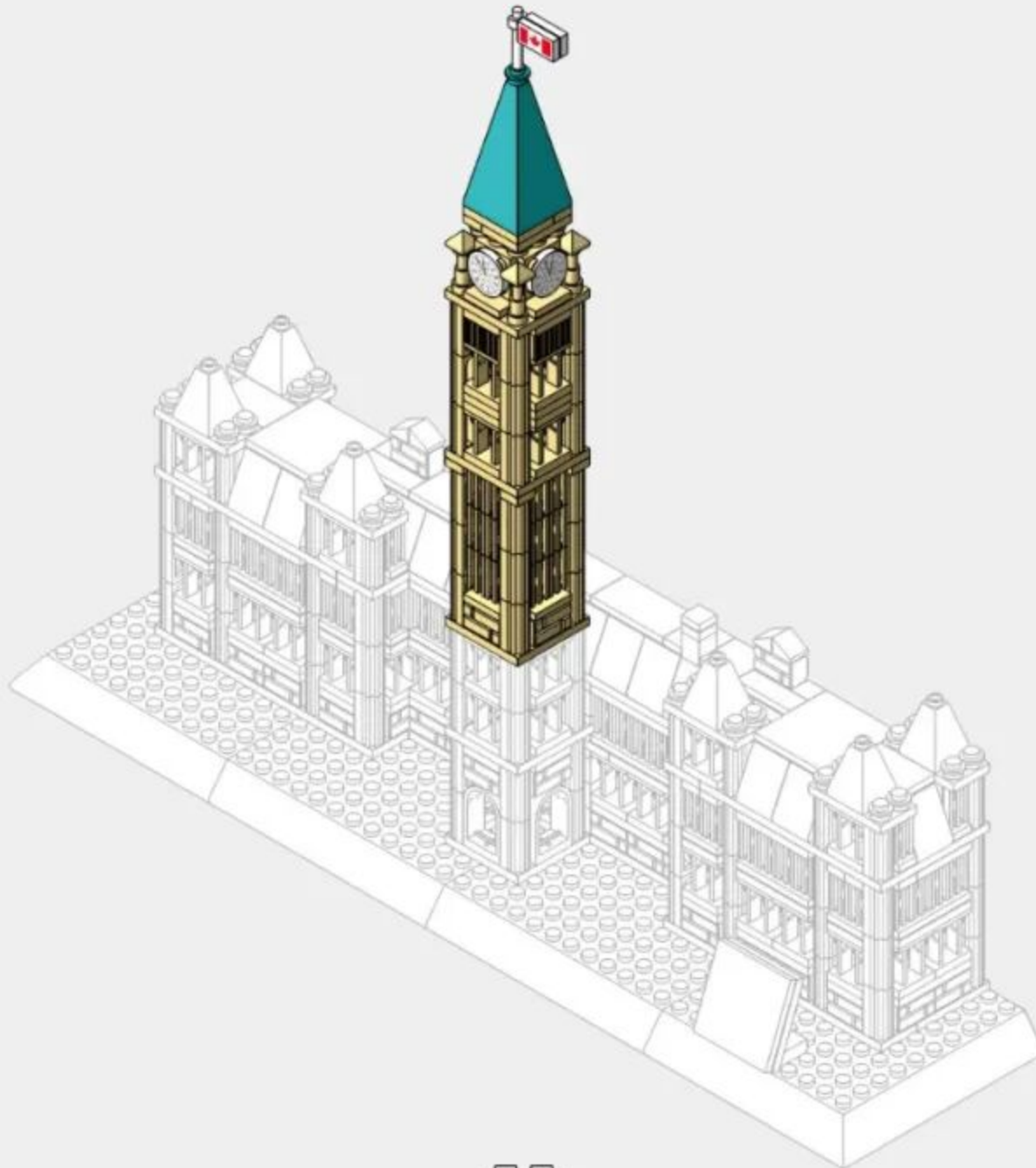


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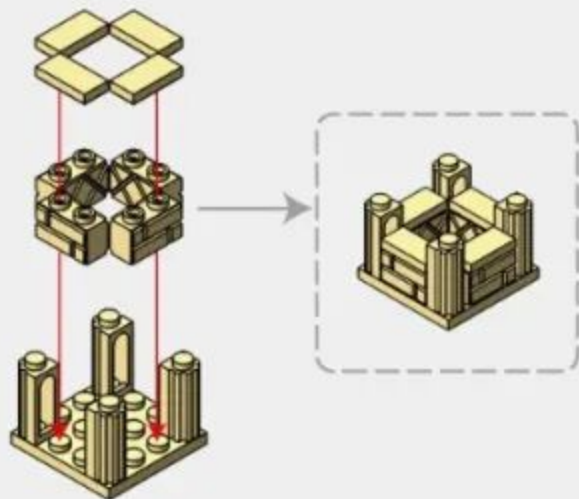


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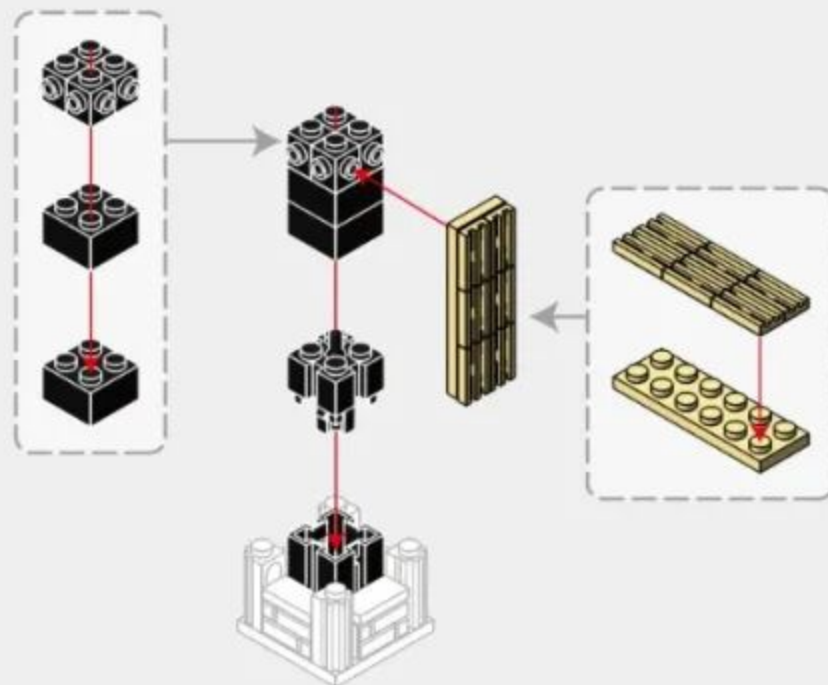


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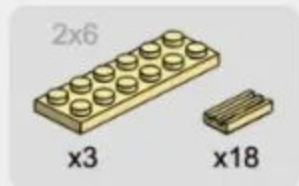
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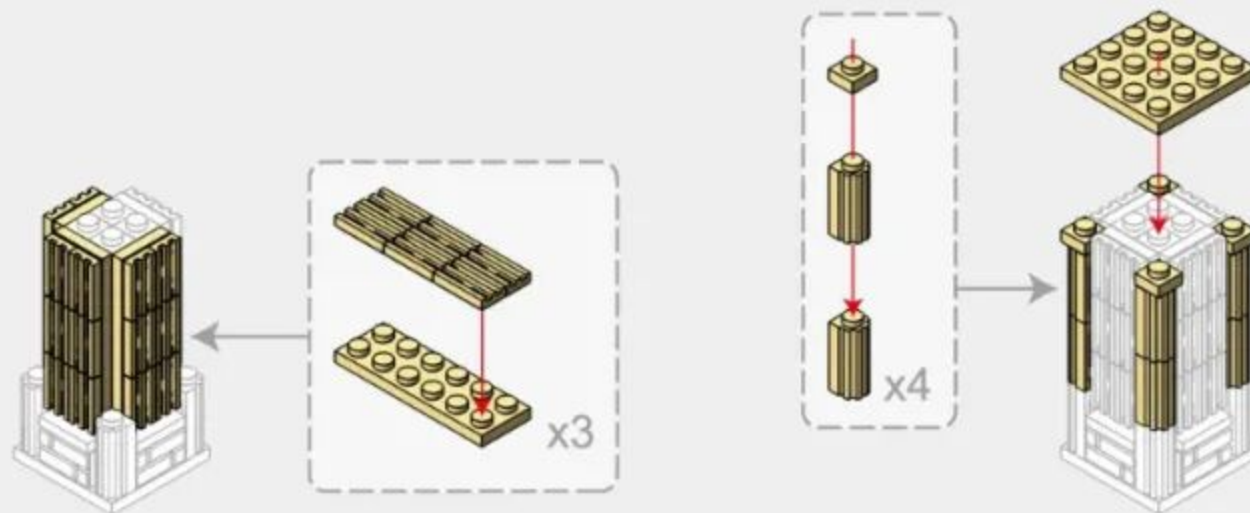
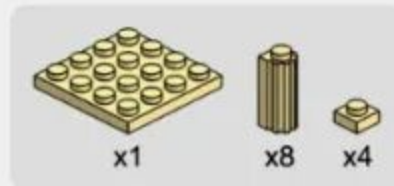
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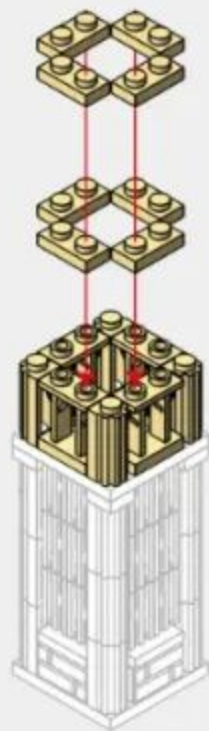
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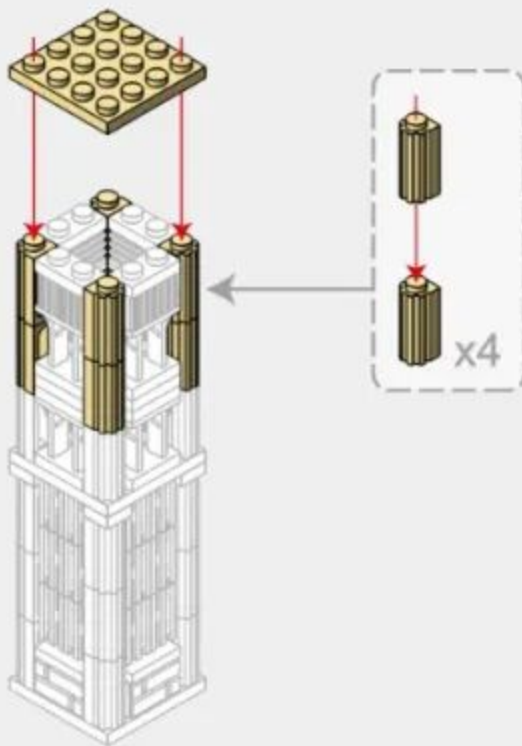
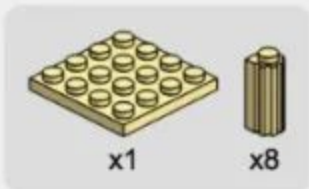
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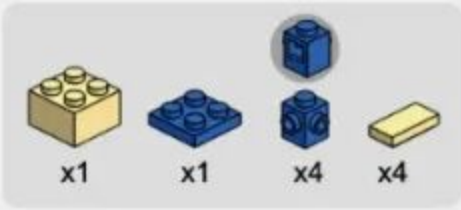
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3-7



3-8



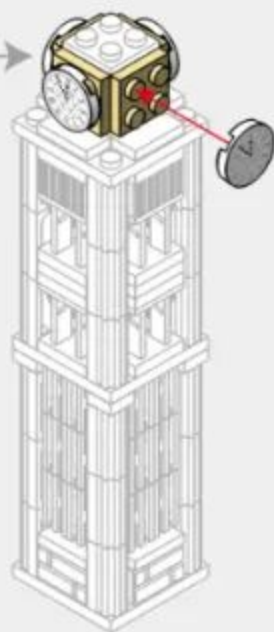
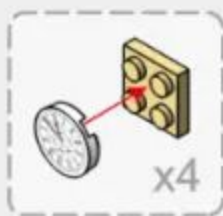
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x4



x4



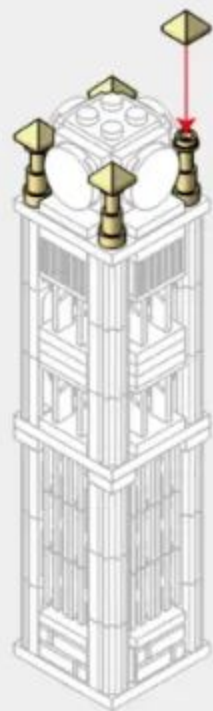
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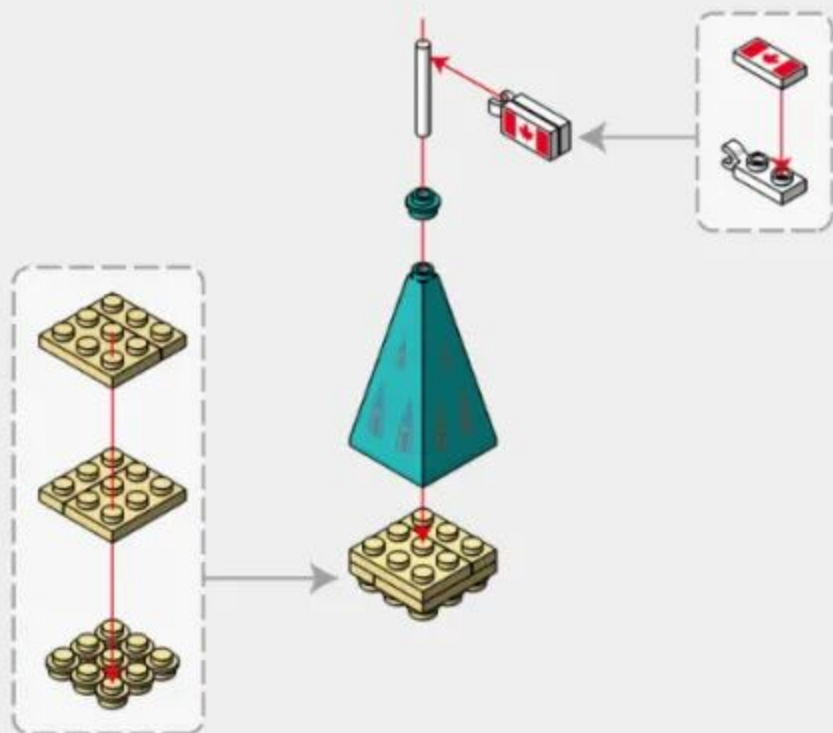
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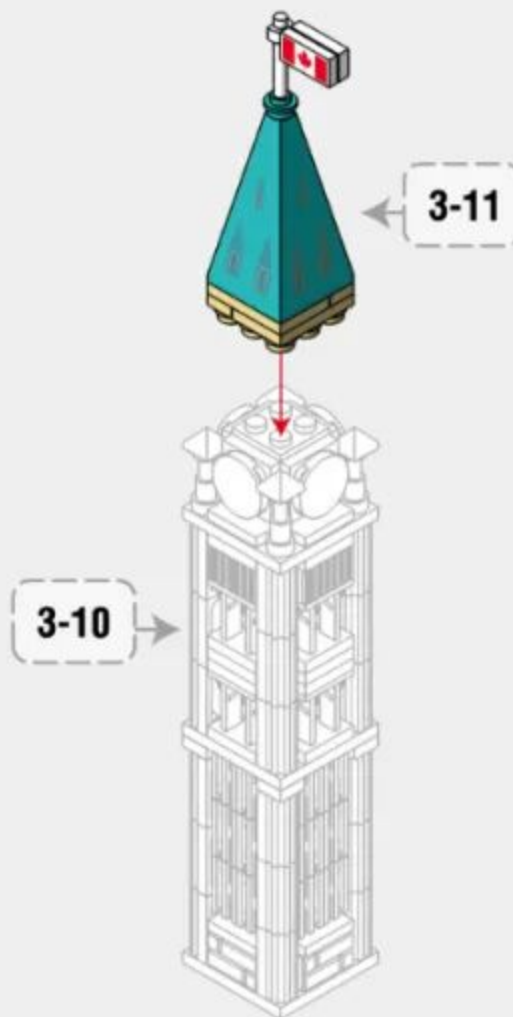
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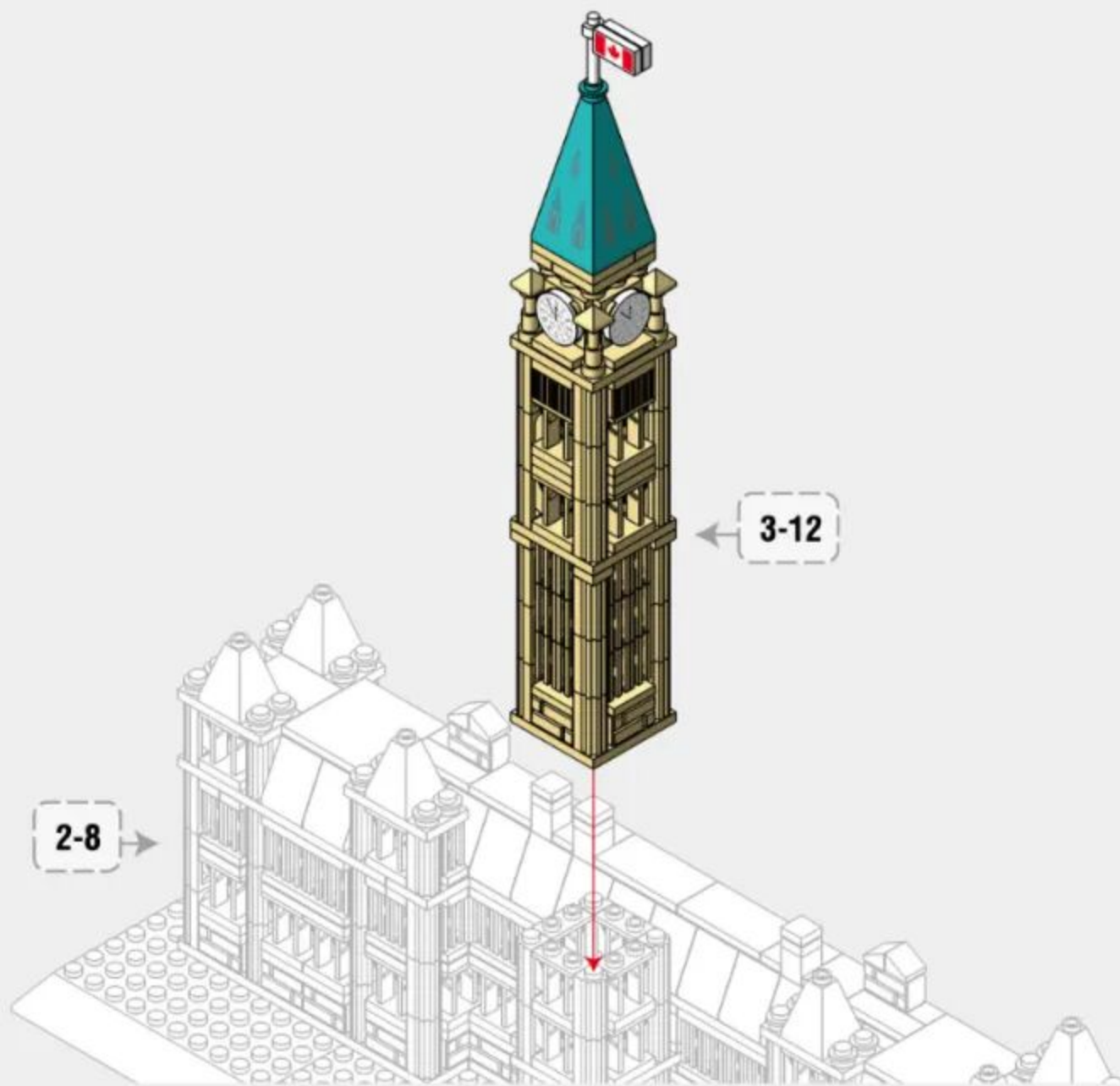
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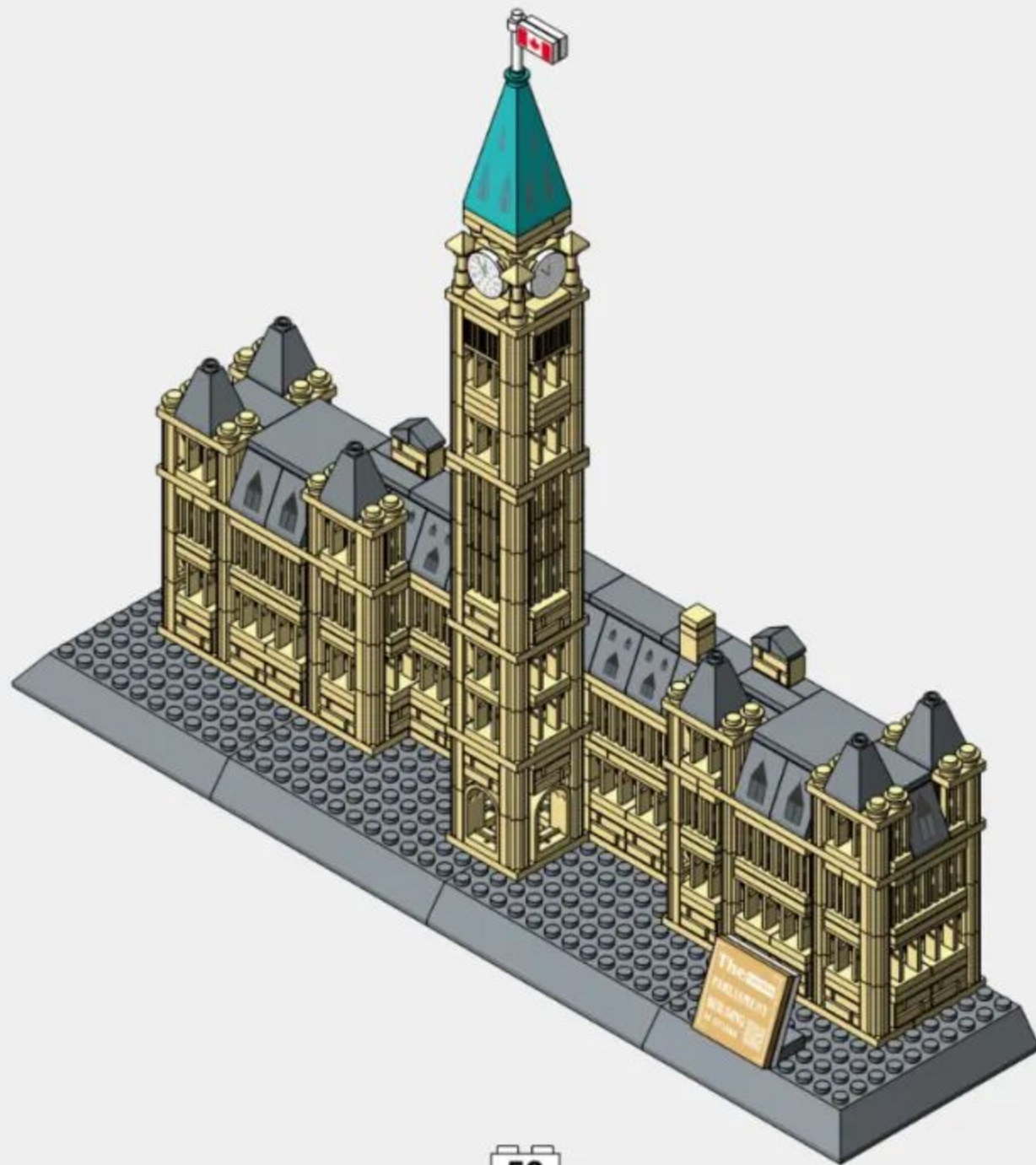


3-12



3-13





ARCHITECTURE

The World's great architecture



Shaping Skills



Imagination & Curiosity



Mathematical



Self Discovery & Perception



Parent-Child Interaction



Problem Solving



Creativity



✦ THE COLOSSEUM OF ROME
Item NO.5225 50X35X8CM 1758PCS

罗马斗兽场



✦ THE IMPERIAL HOTEL
Item NO.5226 50X35X8CM 1375PCS

东京帝国饭店



✦ THE STATUE OF LIBERTY
Item NO.5227 50X35X8CM 1686PCS

纽约自由女神



✦ THE BRANDENBURG
Item NO.6211 50X40X11.6CM 1552PCS

德国勃兰登堡门



✦ THE NIOM OF KYOTO
Item NO.6212 50X40X11.6CM 2409PCS

京都仁王门



✦ THE YELLOW CRANE TOWER OF WUHAN
Item NO.6214 50X40X11.6CM 2912PCS

黄鹤楼



✦ THE TRIUMPHAL ARCH
Item NO.6213 50X40X11.6CM 3213PCS

俄罗斯瓦西里升天教堂



✦ THE LONDON EYE
Item NO.6215 50X40X11.6CM 1531PCS

伦敦眼



✦ GREAT PYRAMIDS OF GIZA
Item NO.4210 40X25X8.7CM 643PCS

埃及吉萨金字塔



✦ THE WHITE HOUSE
Item NO.4214 40X25X8.7CM 979PCS

美国华盛顿白宫



✦ FONTANA DI TREVI
Item NO.4212 40X25X8.7CM 688PCS

罗马许愿池



✦ THE LOUVRE
Item NO.4213 40X25X8.7CM 821PCS

法国巴黎卢浮宫



✦ ELIZABETH TOWER
Item NO.4211 40X25X8.7CM 910PCS

英国伦敦伊丽莎白塔



✦ THE CN TOWER-CANADA
Item NO.4215 40X25X8.7CM 424PCS

加拿大多伦多电视塔



✦ LINCOLN MEMORIAL
Item NO.4216 40X25X8.7CM 979PCS

美国林肯纪念堂



✦ MARINA BAY SANDS
Item NO.4217 40X25X8.7CM 881PCS

新加坡金沙酒店



✦ MERLION STATUE-SINGAPORE
Item NO.4218 40X25X8.7CM 503PCS

新加坡鱼尾狮雕像



✦ THE TOWER BRIDGE OF LONDON
Item NO.4219 40X25X8.7CM 969PCS

伦敦塔桥



✦ FLATIRON BUILDING
Item NO.4220 40X25X8.7CM 838PCS

美国熨斗大厦



✦ THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING OF OTTAWA
Item NO.4221 40X25X8.7CM 608PCS

国会大厦



✦ **THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING**
Item NO.4222 40X25X8.7CM 595PCS
迪拜哈利法塔



✦ **THE ORIENTAL PEARL TOWER**
Item NO.5224 50X35X8CM 1109PCS
中国上海东方明珠



✦ **THE EMPIRE STATE BUILDING**
Item NO.5212 50X35X8CM 1995PCS
美国纽约帝国大厦



✦ **PETRONAS TOWERS**
Item NO.5213 50X35X8CM 1160PCS
马来西亚吉隆坡国油双峰塔



✦ **THE LEANING TOWER**
Item NO.5214 50X35X8CM 1392PCS
意大利比萨斜塔



✦ **THE SPASSKAYA TOWER**
Item NO.5219 50X35X8CM 1044PCS
俄罗斯克里姆林宫



✦ **THE BURJAL ARAB HOTEL**
Item NO.5220 50X35X8CM 1307PCS
迪拜帆船酒店



✦ **THE EIFFEL TOWER**
Item NO.5217 50X35X8CM 978PCS
法国巴黎埃菲尔铁塔



✦ **THE BIG BEN**
Item NO.5216 50X35X8CM 1642PCS
英国伦敦大笨钟



✦ **THE TAIPEI 101**
Item NO.5221 50X35X8CM 1511PCS
中国台北101大楼



✦ **NOTRE-DAME DE PARIS**
Item NO.5210 50X35X8CM 1380PCS
法国巴黎圣母院大教堂



✦ **TAJ MAHAL OF AGRA**
Item NO.5211 50X35X8CM 1505PCS
印度阿格拉泰姬陵



✦ **THE TRIUMPHAL ARCH**
Item NO.5223 50X35X8CM 1401PCS
法国巴黎凯旋门



✦ **THE TOWER BRIDGE**
Item NO.5215 50X35X8CM 1033PCS
英国伦敦双子桥



✦ **HALL OF PRAYER FOR GOOD HARVESTS**
Item NO.5222 50X35X8CM 986PCS
中国北京天坛（祈年殿）



✦ **THE GOLDEN GATE BRIDGE**
Item NO.6210 50X40X11.6CM 1977PCS
美国旧金山金门大桥



✦ **THE GREAT WALL**
Item NO.6216 50X40X11.6CM 1517PCS
中国万里长城（八达岭）



✦ **THE TIANMEN**
Item NO.5218 50X35X8CM 758PCS
中国北京天安门



✦ **THE POTALA PALACE**
Item NO.6217 50X40X11.6CM 1464PCS
布达拉宫



✦ **SANTA CLAUS OFFICE**
Item NO.6218 50X40X11.6CM 2180PCS
圣诞老人办公室

PARLIAMENT BUILDING

COUNTRY: Canada

CITY: Ottawa



England

The world's great architecture

